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TERMS.

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PAID, or they will not be taken out of the Office.

Anvertising.—One square of 14 lines, orless, 3 times, \$1 50; 3 months, \$4; 6 months, \$7 50; 12 months, \$15 Longer ones in proportion.

A Real Blessing to Mothers.

DR. WM. EVANS' CELEBRATED SOUTHING SYRUP, F. 1 CILILDREN CUTTINO THEIR TEETH.

This infallible romedy has preserved hundreds of chil dren, when thought past recovery, from convulsions. As soon as the Syrup is rubbed on the gams, the child will recover. This preparation is so innocent, so efficacious, and so pleasant, that no child will refuse to let its and so pleasant, that no enid will reduce to let its gums be rubbed with it. When infants are at the age of four months, though there is no appearance of teeth, one bottle should be used on the gums to open the pores. Parents should never be without the Syrup in the nursery where there are young children; for it a child wakes in the night with pain in the gams, the Syrup immediately gives ease by opening the pore and healing the gams, thereby preventing Cenvulsions,

The passage of the teeth through the guids produces troublesome and dangerous symptoms. It is known by mothers that there is a great irritation in the mouth and guins during the process. The guins swell, the secretion and saliva is increased, the child is seized with frequent and sudden fits of crying, watchings, starting the sleep, and spasms of peculiar parts: the child shrill with extreme violence, and thrusts its fingers into it mouth. If these precursatory symptoms are not speedily alleviated, spasmodic convulsions universally super vene, and soon cause the dissolution of the infact.— Mothers who have their babes; filieted with these distressing symptoms, should apply Dr. Wm. Evans' celebrated Soothing Syrup, which has preserved hundreds a infants when thought past recovery, from being suddenly attacked with that fatal malady, convulsions.

DIRECTIONS.

Please shake the bottle when first opened T When children begin to be in pain with their teeth shooting in their gums, put a little of the Syrup in a tea-spoon, and with a finger let the child's gums be rubhed for two or three minutes there the tea-spoon, and with a finger let the child's gums be rubhed for two or three minutes, three times a day. It must not be put to the breast immediately, for the milk would take the syrup off too soon. When the teeth are just coming through their gums, mothers should immediately apply the syrup, it will prevent their children having a fever, and undergoing that painful operation of lancing the gums, which always makes the next tooth much harder to come through, and sometimes causes death.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR A BOTTLE.

"A gentleman who has made the trial of Dr. W Evans' Southing Syrup in his family, (in case of a teething child,) wishes us to state that he found it entirely

ing child,) wishes us to state that he found it entirely effectual in releiving pain in the gums, and preventing the consequerees which semetimes follow. We cheerfully comply with his request."—New York Sun.

'We believe it is generally acknowledged by those who have tried it that the soothing syrup for children cutting their teeth, advertised in another column, is a highly usoful article, for the purpose for which it is intended. Highly respectable pers us, at any rate, who have made use of it, do not hesitate to give its virtues the spection of their names.—Bassian Tranciller. the sanction of their names.—Baston Traveller.

A severe case of teething with sommer com-

with Evans. M'Pherson, residing at No. 9, Madison street, called a few days since at the Medical office of Dr. Win. Evans, 190 Chatham street, purchased a bottle of the syrup for her cluid who was suffering exemptions of the control of the syrup for her cluid who was suffering exemptions in the process of the street of the syrup for her cluid who was suffering exemptions. ciating pain during the process of destition, being mo-mentarily threatened with convulsions; its howels, too, were exceedingly locse, and no food could be retained in thest much. Almost immediately on its application the alarming symptoms entirely ceased, and by contin-ning the use of the symp on the gums, the bowels, is a short time, became quite natural. As a tribute of grat itude for the benefit afforded the child, the mether came of her own accord, and freely sanctioned publicity to the

A single triel of this invaluable medicine will te tits

unrivalled virtae. In no instance in the many thousand cases where it has been used has it failed to give immediate relief to the in-

Principal Office for the United States, 103,

Chatham-st New York.

CAUTION!

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OREAR & BERKLEY, Lexington, Ky.

IMPORTANT TO FEMALES. DR. WM. EVANS' FEMALE OR DOMESTIC PILLS.

These Pills are particularly for Females, of whom many suffer from diseases incident to their sex.

It is of the utmost importance to the health and hap piness of those who may be afflicted with any of the complaints, to which the female constitution is so peculiarly subject, arising in most instances from obstruction and irregularity, to possess themselves of a certain, mild

These pills remove all obstructions and invariably cre ate a new and healthy action throughout the system.— See the directions and other useful information which accompany each pack. A pack contains two kinds,

An Interesting case of Dyspepsia and Leucorrhea with a general weakness of the system restored to health Nos. 1 and 2, price 50 cents. and vigour, by the beneficial influence of Dr. Evans' celebrated Female Pills. A. M.—. 36 years of age, celebrated Female Fills. A. M.—, 36 years of age, was affected for the period of fourteen months with the following distressing symptoms.—Total less of appetite, great langour and debility, with pain in the side, loins, back, and legs, indistinct vision, such as wavy appearance before the eyes, palpitation of the heart, faintness, appearance and feeling as if dying, a whitish discharge, the lips livid, and the checks blanched and sallow, the least exercise occasioned fatigue, and her mind was pensive and depressed, her feet were evollen, and her niem ory impaired, with many symptoms of weakness and exsive and depressed, her feet were swollen, and her mem ory impaired, with many symptoms of weakness and exhaustion of the constitution. Several eminent physicians had attended her, and made every exertion in their power to relieve her but without proving effectual. A female friend advised her to use Dr. Evans' celebrated Pills, by the salutary virtues of which in a short time, she indeed appeared as if raised from the dead, and declares her thankfulness, and assigns her recovery to

This medicine is for sale by OREAR & BERKLEY, Lexington.

Dr. Wm Evans' Celebrated Medicines.

RE composed of vegetable substances, which exerts a specific action upon the heart, give an impulse or strength to the arterial system; the blood is quickened and equalized in its circulation through all the vessels, whether of the skin, the parts situated internally, or the extremities: and as all the secretions of the body spring from the blood, there is a consequent increase of every secretion, and a quickened action of the absorbent and exhalent, or discharging vessels. Any morbid action which may have taken place is corrected, all obstructions are removed, the blood is purified, and the body resumes a healthful state.

They are so compounded, that by strengthening and

They are so compounded, that by strengthening and equalizing the action of the heart, liver, and other viscera, they expel the Lad acrid or morbid matter which renders the blood impure, out of the circulation, through the exerctory ducts into the passage of the bowels, so that by the brisk or slight evacuations, which may be regulated by the doses, always remembering that while regulated by the doses, always remembering that while the evacuations from the bowels are kept up, the exerc-tions from all the other vessels of the body will also be

tions from all the other vessels of the body will also be going on in the same proportion, by which means the blood invariably becomes purified.

Steady perseverance in the use of the medicines will undoubtedly effect a cure, even in the most acute or obstinate diseases; but in such cases the dose may be augmented, according to the inveteracy of the disease; the medicines being so admirably adapted to the constitution, that they may be taken at all times.

In all cases of hypochondriacism, low spirits, palpitations of the heart, nervous irratibility, nervous weakness, fluorallus, seminal weakness, indigestion, loss of appetite, flatalency, heartburn, general debility, bodily weakness, chlorosis or green sickness, flatulent or hys-

weakness, chlorosis or green sickness, flatulent or hys terical faintings, hysterics, headaches, hiceup, sea sick ness, nightmare, gout, rheumatism, asthma, tie doulor crainp, spasmodic affections, and those who are victir to that most exeruciating disorder, Gout, will find relie from their sufferings by a course of Dr. Wm. Evan's

Nauser, vomiting, pains in the side, limbs, head, stomach, or back, dimness or confusion of sight, noises a the inside, alternate flushes of heat and chillness, trenors, watchings, agitation, anxiety, bad dreams, spasms will in every case, be relieved by an occasional dose o

Directions for taking the Camomile Pills, as well as Dr. Evans' Aperient Family Pills, always accompany

Astromy - Three year's standing .- Mr Robert Mon res, Schuylkill, afflicted with the above distressing mal ady. Symptoms, great languar, flatulency, disturbed rest, a recus head-ache, difficulty of breathing, tight ness and stricture across the breast, diziness, nervous ness and stricture across the breast, dizziness, nervous irratibility and restlessness, couldnot lie in a horizontal position without the sensation of imposing sufficiention, pulpitation of the heart, distressing cough, costiveness, pain of the stomach, drowsiness, great debility, and deficiency of the nerveus energy. Mr. R. Monroe gave up every thought of recovery, and dire despair sat on the countenance of every person interested in his existance or happiness, till by accident he noticed in a public paper some cures effected by Dr. Wm. Evans' Medicine in his complaint, which inducedhim to purchase a package of the Pills which resulted in completely removing every symptom of his disease. He wishes to say his motive for this declaration is, that those afflicted with the same or any symptoms similar to those frem which he is leaguily restored, may likewise receive the same inestiappily restored, may likewise receive the same inest

o Dr. Wm. Evans, 100 Chatham Street, New York. Extract of a letter of Jonas Snyder, Postmaster Kernsville, Pa., to Dr. Wm. Evans.

Among several cases the following is found: An elder-ylady, who had been 25 years so afflicted with nervous hypochondria, debility, &c.e. that for the last three years she constantly received medical aid from a respectable physician; but the pressure and pain on her heart and breast; and especially in her left side, remained immovable, ettended at long intervals with weakness in her head and on her mind, keeping her discouraged to under take any thing. In Mayshe commenced using Dr. W Evans' in dicines according to the directions accompanying them. A re-action took place; the pain and pressure in her body was removed; her mind became clear time in all respects restored to health, which for the last ten years she has not enjoyed.

JONAS SNYDER.

Dr. Wm. Evans will not be responsible for the Genuineness of the Camomile Pills unless they are bought of

Dr. Evans advertised agents. There is one agent in every county. Buy of none but agents, as many druggists who are otherwise respec-table, have imposed upon the invalid by selling a spuri-onsarticle, Wholesale druggists are not Dr ilvans' agents therefore respectable dealers in the country ought not to ret a spurious article of them list write for the genu-ine No. 100 Chathem St. N. Y. where the Pills are man-infletured and sold wholesale. General Western Office. 47 Wall Street Louisville Ky.

Principal Office for the United States, 100 Chatham-st. New-York.

Entered according to Act of Congress to avoid imposition of Counterfeiters; be particular that the label expresses that it has been entered, and be likewise particular in purchasing from the Regu-

Price 75 cents a package, which contains a bottle of anomile Pills and a box of Aperient Pills.
Dr. Wm. Evans' Camomile and Family Aperient Pills for sale at his principal office, 100 Chatham street

Principal Western Office, 47 Walkst. Louisville, Ky., where Dr. Evans' celebrated medicines can be had whole sale and retail, and southern and western agents can be

See list of Agents.
Sec other advertisements in this paper.

List of Agents for the following Medicines: Evans' Camomile and Aperient Pills. Evans' Soothing Syrup for Children Cutting their Teeth

Evans' Female Pills. Evans' Fever and Ague Pills. Baron Von Hutcheler Herb Pills.

Orear & Perkley, Levington; H. C. Laughlin, Verorder & Ferkley, Bedding, In. White, Neweas-der, Chilton, Ellis & Voiers, Benovola; E.S. Ayres, Bed-ford; J. R. Morrison, Westport; Medley & Elgin, George-town; Root & Smith, Carrollton: J. W. Malin, Ghent; fown; Root & Smith, Carrollton; J. W. Marin, Greh, G. Reed, Warsaw; J. Wilson Mortonsville; J. White-head & co. Winchester; Juo. W. Hazelrigg, Owings-ville; A. M. Barns, Mt. Sterling; Lyle & Walker, Paris; A. Broadwell, Cynthiana; Thos. E Redden, Vanceburg; A. Casto, Maysville; A. L. & T., Green, Covington; Wha-ley & M'Clure, Millersburgh; Jas. F. Dureman, Carlisle; Carlot, Carlisle; W. Millersburgh; Jas. F. Dureman, Carlisle; Thos. Dougherty, Sharosburgh; Russell & Sneed, Frank-

OREAR & BERKLEY, Lexington, Ky, 37 West Main street. Lexington, May 39, 1839-21-19

Building Lot for Sale.

june 20-51-tf.



RECOLLECTIONS OF THE REVOLUTION.

In the winter of 1777, when Lord Howe had possession of Philadelphia, the situation of the Americans who could not follow their beloved commander was truly distressing, subject to the every day insults of cruel and oppressive foes. Bound to pay obeisance to laws predicated on the momentary power of a proud and violictive commander, it can be better pictured than described. To ob tain the common necessaries of hie, particularly flour, they had to go as far as Bristol, a distance of eighteen, or twenty miles, and even this indulgence was not granted them, until a pass was procured from Lord Howe, as guards were placed along Vine street, extending from the Delaware to the Schuylkill, forming a complete barrier; heyond these through the woods, extending as far as Frankfort, were stationed the piquet guards--thus rendering it in a manner impossible to reach the Bristol Mills unless first obtaining a pass.

The commander-in-chief of the American forces was then encamped at the Valley Forge, suffering from cold hunger, and the inclemency of the season. The British rolled in plenty and spent their days in feasting, their nights in balls, riots, and dissipation, thus resting in supposed security, while the American chiestain was planning a mode for their final extirpation. A poor woman with six small children whose husband was at the Valley Forge, had made frequent applications for a pass. Engagements rendered it impossible for her eruel tormenters to give herone. Rendered desperate from disappointment, and the eries of her children, she started alone with out a pass, and by good luck cluded the guards and reached Bristol.

It will be remembered by many now living that six brothers by the name of Doale or Dowell, about this time committed many acts of heroic bravery but more in the character maranders than soldiers They were men full six feet high, stout and active, e fearless intrepidity characterized their deeds in way peculiar to themselves; and they always succeeded in making their escape. A marked partiality to the Americans rendered them obnoxious to the British, and always welcome to the former, to whom they conveyed what information they could glean in their advetures.

Our adventurous female, having procured her flour in a pillow-case holding about twenty pounds, was returning with a light heart to her anxious and oncly babes. She had passed the piquet guards at Frankfort, and was just entering the woods a little this side, when a tall, stout man stept from behind a tree, and putting a letter in her hand, requested her to read it. She grasped with eager joy the letter bearing the character of her husbands hand writing. After a pause he said, "your husband is well, madam, and requested me to say that in a short time he will be with you: money is a searce article amongst us-I mean among them; but on account of your husband's partiality to the cause of liberty, I am willing to become his banker."-So saying he handed her a purse of money—"my lavish," seeing she was about to refuse it.

"You said sir, my husband would see me shortly, how do you know that which seems so impossible and how did you know me who never"-

"Hush, madam, we are now approaching the British guard; suffice it to say, the American commander has that in his head, which, like an earthquake, will shake the whole American continent, and expunge these miscreants; but harktake that road to the left, farewell." So saying he departed. She gave one look, but vacancy filled the spot where he stood. With slow and eautious steps she approached Vinc-street. Already hopes sprung into her heart, already her fire burned beneath her bread, when the awful word halt-struck in pieces, and the prey of foreign or domestic Saher to the soul. She started, and found herself in the custody of a British sentinel; -"Your pass, woman," "I have none, sir, my children"-"D-m the rebel crew, why do you breed enemies to your King-this flour is mine-off woman and die with your babes." A groan was her only answer. -The ruffian was about departing, when the former messenger appeared-his whole demeaner was changed, humble simplicity marked his gait-he approached the guard with a seeming fearfulness and begged him in a suppliant voice to give the poor woman her flour. "Fool, idiot," exclaimed the guard, "who are you; see yonder guard-house" if you interfere here, you shall seon be its inmate," "May be so, sir-but wont you give the family one week longer; recollect the distance she walked, the weight of the bag, and recollect"--

"Hell and fury, sirrah! why bid me recollect;

"You wont give the poor woman her flour?"

"Then by my country's faith and hopes of freedom you shall" and with a powerful arm, he seized the guard by the throat and hurled him to the ground. Run madam, run, see, the guard-house is alive, seize your flour, pass Vine-street and you're whole piquet line would soon be alarmed-one fiending depravity. - The Keystone.

course alone presented itself and that was to mount his horse, which was concealed among the bushes, and gallop down to the Delaware; a boat was always ready there for him. The thought was no sooner suggested than it was put in execution. He mounted his horse, and cluding the alarmed guards, had nearly reached the Delaware.

Here he found himself headed, his boat taken ossession of, and himself hemmed in by at least fifty exasperated soldiers-one sprang from behind a tree, demanded his immediate surrender. 'Tis useless to provariacate, you are now our prisoner, and your boat, which before excited suspicion, i now in our possession. "Son of a slave, slave to a king, how dare you address a freeman-surrender yourself-a Doalo never surrendered himself to any inan, far less to a blinded poltroen - away or die; and he attempted to pass. The guard levelled his gun, but himself was levelled to the dust; the ban of Doale's pistol had been swifter than his own .-llis ease was now truly desperate; behind him was the whole line of guards-on the north of him the Frankfort piquets, and on the left of him the city of Philadelphia filled with British troops.

One, and only one way presented itself, and that was to cross the river. He knew his horse; he plunged in; a shout succeeded it, and ere he reached half the distance twenty armed boats were in swift pursuit. His noble horse dashed through the Delaware, his master spurred him on with double interest while the balls whistled around him. The tide was running down, and when he reached the Jersey shore he found himself immediately opposite the old slip at Market street. On reaching shore he turned around, took out a pistol and with a steady aim fired at the first boat-a man fell over the side, and sank to rise no more. He then disappeared in the wood. The angry, harrassed and disappointed pursuers gave one look, one curse, and returned to the Pennsylvania shore, fully believing that if he was not the devil, he was at least one of his principal agents.

The exploits of these men were so frequently of like nature, that the expressions made use of by the disappointed pursuers towards one are by n means to be censured-personal danger appeared to be no part of their character-plunder but only from the British, seemed their sole aim, with an ambition, however futile of creating in the minds of their enemies this belief. At one time they were in Philadelphia, dressed in the British costume-at another they were relieving the distresses of their friends at the Valley Forge.

BONAPARTE.

The following is an extract of a letter, which was written by Napoleon Bonaparte, in 1797,when about 10 depart for Egypt—to a young American, with whom he had previously formed an acquaintance, and who was soon to leave France for the United States. The letter, which was published as authentie in the newspapers of that period, is eurious, as exhibiting his ideas of the U. States

"You soon depart for the Western, and I for the Eastern hemisphere. A new eareer of action is now opened before me, and I hope to unite my name with new and great events, and with the unrivalled greatness of the republic; you go to unite means madam, are adequate, or I would not be thus of Rome, and the luxury of her decline; where I see the taste, the sensibility and science of Athens with her factions, and the valor of Sparta with her discipline.

"As a citizen of the world I would address your country in the following language:-Every man and every nation is ambitious, and ambition grows with the power, as the blaze of a vertical sun is the most fierce. Cherish therefore, a national strength--strengthen your political institutionsremember that armies and navies are of the same use in the world as the police in London or Paris, and soldiers are not made like potter's vessels in a minute-cultivate union, or your empire, will be like a colossus of gold fallen on the earth, broken racens. If you are wise your republic will be permanent-and, perhaps Washington will be hailed as the founder of a glorious and happy empire, succeeding revolutions."

Front street, below Market, their countenances indicating the most painful anxiety. We looked up and on the roof of a house beheld a small boy creeping from the dormant window, down towards the spont, in order to eateh a little pet bird that released from its fetters, had taken refuge in that apparently inaccessible spot. He had got about poor woman the means of supporting her little half way when fear overcame him. He advanced a little more. We held our breaths and closed our teeth with excessive sympathy. Another step, and a convulsive shudder ran through the crowd. you plead in vain-begone or I'll sieze you as a The bird moved a little further. The boy made one unsuccessful grasp-and the boy, horrible to relate! fell-into the hands of his father, who pulled him in the window by the breeches, and severely whipped him for his temerity.

A WICKED OUTRAGE.

On Friday night last, as the Philadelphia train face of the law against the whole matter, as they of cars were going down in the neighborhood of have already done in regard to gambling, duelling to rise, when the stranger drew a pistol and shot Oakland, on the State road, they run with tremen- &c. and in so doing, no power will any longer be him dead. The report of the pistol immediately dous force against a heavy piece of oak timber, conferred upon any man or set of men, to take alarmed a whole line of Guards; the unfortunate which had been designedly fastened across the away the money, property, character, or lives of man gazed around with a fearless intrepidity .- track by some devils in human shape. The loco- their neighbors or fellow-men, by the sale of intox-There was but one way of escape and that through motive was upset, rendered wholly unfit for further icating liquors; and if men can be found so reckthe wrods. So zing the dead man's musket, he started like a deer pursued by the hounds.—
"Shoot hun, down with him," was echoed from one compared a reward of \$500 for the detecpower to relieve her but without proving electual. A population of the detection of the vice miscreant, who, from sheer motives of which in a short time, she indeed appeared as if raised from the dead, and declares her thankfulness, and assigns her recovery to health, to the extraordoury efficacy of the above Fills.

BEAUTIFUL BUILDING LOT, fronting 50 feet to Crophan street, being on Upper Street, at the corner of Upper and Pine streets, running back 150 feet to Crophan street, being one of the lots sold by Stephens and Winslow, and numbered a significant property to the dead, and a general search commenced; the object of their pursuit in the meantine, flew like lives of perhaps one hundred of their fellow beings. The main guard was left behind; but the lightning, the main guard was left behind; but the lightning, the main guard was left behind; but the lightning depravity.—The Keystone.

From the Eagle. AN ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE OF KEN-TUCKY, In favor of petitioning the Legislature for a repeal of the License System.

FELLOW-CITIZENS:-Permit us to call your attention for a moment, to one of the most important subjects that can occupy the human mind; one of paramount claims on this community at present, viz: the deliverance of our country from one of the most alarming and dograding evils that ever infested human society, intemperance, as legalized and supported by the present license system. It is known to you all that intemperance has prevailed, and does still prevail to an alarming extent in this country; that this giant, whose name is legion, has long been stalling all in our midst or, like a sight, and tears, and blood, in our midst or, like a vast tornado, has swept over the land, prostrating multitudes of all classes and conditions of our countrymen, accompanied by a train of evils as in-numerable, as incalculable; costing our country more than one hundred and twenty millions of dollars annually; making more than three hundred thousand common drunkards-nuisances in society; sweeping into the drunkard's untimely and hopeless grave, more than thirty thousand immortal beings; filling our hospitals with more than two thousand raving maniacs, robbed of their senses, the most precious gift of heaven; filling our jails and penitentiaries with nine-tenths of the eriminals and debtors that now burthen our land; besides, causng nine-tenths of the pauperism, crime and wretchedness, which it now drains our pockets to support, and shocks our feelings of humanity to behold .-But if this were all we might be silent. Go with us for a moment, to the miserable huts and hovels of these three hundred thousand common drunkards, and behold the degradation, wretchedness and shame of their suffering wives and children; then trace out in detail the robberies, murders, manslaughters and various crimes, perpretrated by all these criminals, and the anguish of soul connected therewith, and you have but an item of the natural evils of intemperance. Now look at the moral effects of this evil upon the community as they will appear at the bar of God; or look even at its effects upon our youth and country, our institutions and government. If the people of this country rule and govern, is it not all-important that they, the rulers, be moral and virtuous? How long would it take, according to the present ratio of the increase of intemperance even in Kentucky, to destroy our institutions and government, if virtue and morality are the pillars on which they rest?-Washington, the great Father of his country, told us wherein our strength lay and he warned us against this very immorality that would upraise the worm, as fatal to us as to Jonah's gourd. Shall this fatherly and timely advice of the greatest and best of men, be disregarded? Or will it not, when combined with the natural and moral evils as above stated, or sketched, be sufficient to awaken the slumbering of every American citizen, and call forth the effort of every patriot and philanthropist, in behalf of a country, purchased by the blood of their fathers, and transmitted to them, to be preserved as a sacred legacy for all future generations?yourself once more with a people among whom 1 Shall we permit an insidious domestic enemy, nurbehold at once the simple manners of the first ages tured in our own bosoms, to enslave us and our children, and tarnishthe glory of our inheritance, now when we are grown to maturity, when our fathers vanquished a foreign one, and established

> their infancy? Surely not. But, fellow-countrymen, if we continue much longer to slumber upon the sides of a volcano that has already emitted much of its burning contents upon us, and is now agitated and awfully convulsed within, by late disturbances in certain regions, we shall be awakened by its tremendous explosion when all is lost. Let us all move, and move, now, and move together, to the plain of safety, peace and security, which opens wido in prospect before us, beyond the reach of the lava, teeming with every inducement calculated to cheer us in our movements, and crown them with success.

themselves freemen under every disadvantage in

But before we can reach that delectable plain of safety, we must vanquish a powerful enemy, we when the name of Bonaparte shall be obscured by must demolish his ramparts and bulwarks, behind which, he lies entrenehed, sporting with all our efforts, and deriding our attacks. To drop the figllorrible.—Yesterday morning a whole crowd ures—I mean by this volcano, intemperance; by the plain of safety, the temperance principle; by this enemy, the making and selling of intoxicating the most painful anxiety. We looked drinks; by this bulwark or rampart, the present license system, against which our efforts should now be chiefly directed. So long as the powerful arms of the law of this land are thrown around the retailer of intoxicating drinks, so long as the government continues to support them by taking a share of stock in each, just so long will the evils and curses of intemperance continue to pour like a burning atmosphere upon us, withering and blasting the hopes and prospects of thousands and millions; and so long will the efforts of the friends of humanity, in a great degree, bo hindered, if not wholly counteracted.

Now, what we wish you, fellow-eitizens, to do on this subject is, to petition your next Legislature to repeal the present license system, and to enact in their stead, such prohibitory laws as in their wisdom they should deem best, so as to put the

I need not stop to detail all the evil effects of the present license system to citizens, who daily see and feel them as you do. Suffice it to detail to you, therefore, briefly, a few of the many reasons system.

present abundantly prove.

2d. The public werrate, and our own individual law, as to refer it to the several towns for their interest, both require it of its. We all have to bear our proportion of taxes to support the governbear our proportion of taxes to support the government; we have our rights, and a full proportion of the repeal of the license laws. In place of increasing the public revenue, the license laws inflict an enormous tax upon the community; for proof of this, see the statements from the different counties of Kentucky in our last report. As a specimen, take this fact. In one county, four hundred dollars was paid into the revenue during one year, for licences granted to taverns and groceries; the poor house in the county cost twenty-six hundred dollars; nine out of ten of all the paupers in it came there by intemperance, and were made by the groceries thus paying the four hundred dollars; now, where did the remaining twenty-two hundred dollars come from? Why, out of your pockets-a set of men pay \$400 into your treasury, for the liberty or permission of taking \$2200 out of your pockets indirectly, by taxation. Here is the secret of high taxes a specimen of gross injustice, tolerated by law. Suppose we take this as an average of the counties of this State, what an amount of money does the license aystem thus extort from the industrious, virtuous, and intelligent people of Kentucky. Shall we continue to tolerate this system that destroys our countrymen by thousands, and taxes every dollar we possess, heavily, to pay the gentlemen who do so?

If such an anomaly can be illustrated, let me suppose a case. A clock pedlar goes to your conn ty court, and for \$10 obtains license to supply the county with his ware, goes to work, and sells a clock to every man that will buy one; the clocks do well at first, but after a time are found useless, and it is ascertained that every family possessing one of these clocks, is infected with leprosy, even the walls of the house are infected with it; nine out of ten of all these lepers die: and the doctors bills and other expenses cost \$100 each, leaving out all the liabilities of spreading this pl gue, e.c. &c -Would it not be a losing business to license clock pedlars, even at \$100 each, or would you not think the court deranged, that would continue thus to act? And now, suppose all the counties in this State had been visited by clock pedlars in the same ratio that they have been by groceries, how long would you he sitate to sign a petition praying for a ropeal of the license law? how long would the Leg islature hesitate to repeal a law thus scattering pes tilence in the community? But can this be worse than intemperance? Then, both the public welfare and our individual interest, urge us to petition for a repeal of the license system immediately.

3. The great law of self preservation, and the law of love, as taught in the gospel, both require it of us. The first teaches us to regard our own lives, and the second, the lives of our fellow men Whatever has a tendency therefore, to destroy our own or the lives of our fellow men, or whateve But does not the license system grant regular facilities to thousands in this country to destroy themselves annually? or rather, does it not present so many temptations and inducements to men thus to act? Let the petitions of those criminals, who prayed for the destruction of grog shops, before they left their prisons, lest they should again commit the same crimes from the inlluence of liquor when released—answer this question. The li-cense laws then, violate, 1st. The law of self preservation implanted in all God's creatures for a wise purpose, 2 The law of love, as illustrated in thorized and erroneous assumption? the Gospel. 3. The moral law of God, "Thou cessary thereto. 4. The law of our own land, very briefly, to the consideration of your honorawhich punishes men for killing, directly or indi-ble body, a few of their reasons. rectly, their fellow men, is also violated. Secont a system thus violating all laws, under pretense Illium facit?

ble reception that the petition from one or two direction with Niagara power!! counties met with in the last Legislature. On mo-

why we should petition for a repeal of the whole system.

While is now in electron and smellent operation, a few sine discretions by law, and perpetuated and gratified by legal enactments?

In oble example to the world. The Legislature of and gratified by legal enactments?

Tennessee, on our southern border, have done the system. same, and the supreme court has pronounced the the same strange and ruinous appetite for arsenic, law constitutional, which is now operating with sa- would the people of this Commonwealth consider

Sea, on the Continent of Africa, in the extreme, liquors, the licensing of houses for its retail as a wrongs. Now, whatever has a tendency to lessen our taxes, secure our rights, and diminish our on each side of us in our sister States; and ons in its effects upon the community at large than wrongs, is certainly for our individual interest, and the public welfare. Such would be the effect of nothing in so noble a cause? Shall we show a spirits! of battle? Can we not act in a moral contest, as proof of this position? We affirm the position as were few and plainly defineated in the constitubrave and chivalrous spirit no where but on the field nobly as in a bloody one? Or has our patriotism true, for the very simple reason that arsenic would tion. I assumed them with a firm resolution to forever fled, and the genius of liberty expired? kill its victim speedily, without first disposing him library expired? Shall we be last to follow on in so noble a cause, to the commission of all sorts of crime, while arand come in at the eleventh hour, when the contest is over, and laurels won by all but ourselves? until it has destroyed intellect, blasted character, not been disappointed. I entered upon the dis-Or shall we not show the spirit of our fathers, and disgraced families, murdered all hope for time and charge of the duties prescribed by the constitufly to the rescue of our country and fellow men? eternity, corrupted our moral atmosphere, cursed tion to the Lieut. Governor with the moro cheerglory forever? Shall we suffer longer to exist in alcohol, the intoxicating principle of all intoxica- trate. It did not then occur to me or to those Misanthronists.

Permit us, in conclusion, to say, that this is comnon ground for all lovers of humanity, and of their country, to meet on. This system is a common enemy to all, an enemy that has swallowed up, in the last 40 years, liquors, costing equal to the sum total of the property of this nation, and will swallow it a second time in the next forty. To destroy this common enemy, we earnestly call upon all classes and professions in this community, to unite thoir influence and efforts. Men of all political parties may meet here without difficulty; and chrisians of all the different denominations may cordially co-operate togother. And in the name of our country, humanity and justice, and in the name of all that is near and dear to us, and our icense system.

regard to the License Law. To the Honorable the Senate and House of Repre

sentatives of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, in General Assembly convened.

THE undersigned, citizens of respectfully represent, that from our Statute Book, it appears that the General Assembly of this Commonwealth have been endeavoring, by repeated legislation, ever since the year 1793, to restrain and diminish the pauperism, crime and debauchery, connected with, and resulting from, the sale of intoxicating drinks; and that all the good which has resulted from your efforts, thus far, is very small, compared with the appalling evil of intemperance as it now exists in our midst-and your petitioners are delib erately of the opinion, that the good resulting from all pour previous legislation on this subject can never be much increased, so long as the laws, in

any way, license the traffic in intoxicating liquors. We would, therefore, earnestly and respectfully request of your honorable body, a revision of the license laws of this Commonwealth; and, in so doing, would invite your attention to the inquiry whether the whole system is not based on an unau

Your petitioners are fully of this opinion, in shalt not kill," directly nor indirectly, nor be ac support of which, they would beg leave to present

We think, that your honorable body will find, uplaws, common and statute. Then, the license laws on a careful examination of all the legislation upviolate all other laws, human or divine, natural on this subject, that it is assumed, as a fundamen and moral. Shall we continue longer to tolerate tal principle, that the use of spirituous liquors, as a common beverage by the community, is right that the public good requires it? Does the public and proper, and therefore, is not only worthy of good require that all laws should be violated for the sanction of the law, but also of its protection the good of some public house-keepers? Does the against those intemperate abuses which, if permitpublic good health require it? Does the public ted to exist unrestrained, would inevitably result good morals? or the public good faith, or good rep- in evils, too great and onerous to be borne by the utation, at home or abroad, require the license sys- whole body politic. Such, we think, upon due tem to be perpetuated? Or does not the public examination, you will find to be the simple foundagood, in every sense of the word, require that the tion, upon which rests the whole ruinous superlicense system be repealed, and that we say of it, structure of law, authorising and regulating the retail of spirituous liquors as a common beverage 3. We should petition for the repeal of the li- in this Commonwealth! We say it is a foundation cense system, because of the rectitude of the prin- upon which rests a ruinous superstructure of laws ciple. This is the chief and first ground on which because it turns the Tiger loose in community, we rely for success; it is righteousness that exalt- and permits him to roam at large, on the very reaeth a nation in every sense of the word. In thus sonable condition that he shall lay aside the ferocipetitioning, we plead the cause of suffering hu- ty of his nature and put on the harmlessness of ciples of eternal justice, and make it to the repre- body politic on the express condition that it will and on the behalf of the citizens of Franklin. tempts to dam up its streams as they rush in every greet your arrival among them.

people of Ke tucky, recommending this principle, sary." Here the principle is assumed at the very and the many important and influential men, who outset as the basis of all legislation on the subject, A third teason why we believe we shall succeed, drinks is, for the community, absolutely "ne- fects of a wise and free constitution, which has is, the present state of the world, and the facts, cessary." But what, we would ask, renders it neand examples, showing the principle to be no longer cessary? Is it because a certain portion or class of events. The present occasion, sir, is well cala theory, but perfectly practicable; so that we do community have a taste so formed and developed culated to fill us all with a still greater degree of not petition the Legislature to try an experiment, for intexicating drinks, as to cause them to demand reverence and respect for that sacred instrument, but to follow the example of six of her sister States, such a beverage at the hands of every tavern keep-according to the provisions of which we are now

the whole previous Legislation on this subject was designed to restrain and prevent the evil of which we complain, yet it has most signally failed in action of the most Southern States, and the one callon law and disconnected that houses should be established by legal enactions and prevent the evil of which that houses should be established by legal enactions and prevent the evil of which the constraint and prevent the evil of which the evil of which the evil of the evi we compliant, yet it has most signary ratied in acthe license system. While Illinois, Rhode Island and Connecticut, have so dispensed with the license with th

in the extreme. And yet did the taste for arsenic Thus have we an example in the Islands of the exist in community as it now exists for spirituous

Shall we suffer a set of men, aided by Legislative God and defied law, and then, after all, juflicts Tulnoss, because the people had setected a gentleenactments, to dig the grave of our country, and death as certain as any other poison. Surely your man in the prime of life, highly gifted, and poshonorable body will not require proof to show that sessing great experience, as their chief magisour midst, the spirit of a system that would urge ting drinks is a poison, when the most distinguish- who elected me, that a whole State should so and lead men to sell the last quart, to poison the ed chemists and physicians of the age, have again soon be called to mourn the death of one whom last soul on the globe, "and in vulture-like soli- and again pronounced it such. Take another case she loved and honored; nor did they expect to tude," count over their paltry gains upon the cof- here in point. What would be thought by the good tins of a whole race, then sober in death? It we can, let us forever lay aside the names of Patriots, civilized world, should you feel yourself called on at Philanthropists and Christians, and take that of your present session, to pass a law, licensing cer- I have then anticipated the roulities of this day, selling all sorts of deadly weapons, because there to me greatly enhanced. The contrast between are some in the community inclined to use them, my feelings then and now, is more easily imag- and upward to the latest period of time. and to murder in a duel whenever they consider their honor insulted? Upon this subject we might extend our reasoning to any conceivable length; but enough we think has been said to justify the conclusion, that the manufacture or use of ardent spirits, or spirituons liquors as a heverage, cannot countenanced or liceused by law consistently with the public good, and those common interests, which it is the duty of legislators to protect, and ever sacredly regard, in the enactment of all law.

nestly request, as their prayer and petition to your giving of them to evade the law, an offence of no

may be thought best. By such legislation, discountenancing and prohibiting the traffic in alcoholic liquors - "except so concerned"-- and nothing short of it, your petitioned, in good faith, to the Apothecary's shop, for tention. which your petitioners will ever pray.

NAUGURATION OF THE LIEUTENANT AND ACTING GOVERNOR.

On Thursday last, the Hon. C. A. WICKLIFFE arrived at the seat of Government and took upon himself the oath of office, and entered on tho duties which devolved on him as Chief Magistrnte of the State.

The day on which he would arrive having been ascertained, preparations were made by the citizens of Frankfort for escorting him into town, and extending the civilities which were try Company in full uniform, and a number of gentlemen in carriages and on horseback met the in procession, accompanied him to the capitol, there the ladies and gentlemen of Frankfort had essembled to welcome him. Lysander Hord. Esq. then addressed Mr. Wickliffe on behalf of the citizens, to assure him of the high estimation n which they hold his private character and pubic services, and greeting him as a valued neighbor and friend. To this address Mr. Wickliffe replied in his usual foreible, intelligent and dignified manner, and after he had concluded, the oath of office was administered by Henry Wingate, Esq. We helieve the sentiment to be uniersal throughout the State, that the administraion of the government has passed into hands fully competent to sustain all its interests, and that the Executive will see that the laws are faithfully executed. We have alluded but briefly to the addresses delivered on the occasion, as we have been so fortunate as to obtain copies, in substance, of the address of Mr. Hord and the reply of Mr. Wickliffe, which we hereto annex:

MR. HORD'S ADDRESS.

While they recognize in you the able and fear-

Upon an occasion like the present, who can

that in the discharge of those great and responsible duties appertaining to the office of Chief Magistrate of this State, which are new about to devolve upon you, you may, in all things, be guided by an earnest and zealous regard for the interest of your country, and a patriotic desire

passed since, besido him whose death our State deeply deplores, on this same stand I received through their representative, the expression of the high personal regard and friendship of the Does any one demand a reason in support and freemen of Kentucky. The duties of the office

hands of one who truly and justly distrusts his own capacity for their profitable exercise. Could tain individuals with the exclusive privelege o the solemnities of that occasion would have been ined than described.

I enter upon the discharge of the duties of chief magistrate of Kentucky, fellow citizens, for the remainder of the present guhernatoria! term, with great reluctance. Were I permitted to choose, at the present time, between public duty and private interetts and personal considerations, I would most certainly decline the responsibility. I am encouraged, however, amid the difficulties which lie in my way, by a recollec-Your memorialists, therefore, would most ear- tion of the kind indulgence I have ever experienced at the hands of my fellow citizens. I know honorable body, that you would repeal, in a sum- I shall be strengthened and sustained by them children, here and hereafter, we call upon each and mary manner, all laws now in force, licensing, in in all honest efforts to promote the great interevery man, and beseech them without delay, to any form, the retailor sale of spirituous liquors, as ests of the Commonwealth. I rejoice that, by think of this matter seriously, and lend their aid a beverage or common drink, and enact in their the wise provisions of our constitution, the duby signing the petitions for a repeal of the present stead a law which shall make the vending of spirit- ties and powers of the chief inagistrate are plainuous liquors, of any description, as a drink, or the ly prescribed—his discretion limiteo and restricted. His powers over the other officers of go-A Memorial to the Legislature of Kentucky, in ordinary magnitude against this Commonwealth, vernmont, thank God, extend no farther than to and punishable in that way, which in your wisdom roquire of them a faithful discharge of their duties; and should any fall short, the power of punishment and of removal is not delegated to him. but reserved to the people and to their ropresenfar as the arts, or the practice of medicine may be tauves. The duties of Governor of Kentucky may be road in a few short words, "to see that ers believe, the community will be rid of the blight- the laws of the State are faithfully executed. ing evils of intemperance and alcohol be consign- To this end I shall give my whole time and at-

> In one department of the public service I shall have difficulties to encounter; to overcome which I shall need the aid of each aud every patriot son of Kentucky. I allude to the system of Internal Improvement. The derangement in the commercial and monetary system of Europe and America, which exists at this time, admonishes us that we husband well the resources leli, and devote them to the completion of the works now in progress, and which must suffer if abandoned even for a single season. Sir, I claim for the State the united patriotism of all her citizens, that it be directed to the fulfilment of the high due alike to him personally and to the station and just expectations of the friends of this law which he occupied. Captain Lockwood's Infanvorite policy of the age. You have my past pubhe acts upon this subject-my public avowal upon another, the outlines of which are but deli-Governor several miles from town, and forming neated on your statute book, (I mean the system of common school education,) as the best pledge I can give you, that whatever I can do as Chief Magtstrate, consistent with a due rogard to n just public sentiment, that great power in a government like ours, shall be done. The public faith must be preserved.

I have said it was wisdom in the framors of our State constitution to have limited and restricted Executive discretion There is one subject, and but ono, over which the Chief Magistrate of Kentucky has unlimited discretion-the power of pardoning offences and remitting fines and forfeitures. This is a power which, in all well regulated governments, must necessarily be vested in some public functionary. It is one of great and delicate responsibility, and its exercise invokes a just discrimination between the benevolence of tho man and the stern duty of manity, of our own beloved country, as well as the lamb! It gives the most poisonous and dead-sontiments of high regard they entertain for your tions of the penal code, thereby to give encoursely serpent, full liberty to lie in the bosom of the private and public character. On their behalf, ageinent to vice and numerality. He who exercies this power, should ever bear in mind that Captain James Edmonson, who fell at Raisin. sentative of our patriotic, philanthropic, high min- only bite the members innocentlyl "It opens county, it affords me much pleasure to assure what is mercy to the guilty violater of the laws ded and christian people. A second reason why the fountain of the waters of death, and then at- you of the very hearty welcome with hich they of the State, ma, often prove injustice, if not rals George Tretter and Thomas Bodley; Majors cruelty, to the body politic.

As an illustration of the justice and truth of the less public man, they have the additional satis- present have placed too high an estimate upon preserved. tion of one of the honorable Senators, an impor- above language, the second section of the first act faction of knowing that in you are harmoniously my past public services and my capacity for the made an able and favorable report, concluding with which, we believe, contains the radical principle of the less public but not less necessary qualification, and you sir, for the kind called upon by their country, side by side, in the two resolutions, fulfilling, if not surpassing, all our after legislation on the subject, requires tions which so eminently fit you for the discharge manner of welcome to me this day manifested. front of battle. May this day be a harbinger of expectations at that time. Moreover, by correst that every individual licenced to keep a tavern, of the relations of a neighbor and friend. But I am consoled in this new change of location by a better acquaintance with each other. pondence and other intercourse, with leading and shall give a bond, with sufficient security, binding a few days since and they were called upon to the reflection that, though I have left friends, a influential men from different parts of the State, him under the penalty of the forfeiture and pay- pay their last sad tribute of respect to your pre- home and its endearments, behind, I am about to ville and Lexington. They will, when neceswe have ascertained the public sentiment in Ken- ment of one hundred pounds current money, to decessor; and, amid the gloom which such an take up my residence among acquaintances and sary, dissect an enemy, while their Doctors distucky is being favorable to this subject, and only keep an orderly house; and among the conditions event nocessarily occasioned in our community, friends, in the bosom of a society distinguished sect each other. needs to be expressed and condensed, by way of of the obligation is the following—that the individ we felt great satisfaction in knowing that the for its hospitality, benevolence and public spirit. By Quarter Master Jo. K. Graves. The mempetition, in order to accomplish the object. When wal licenced to keep a tavern, "shall not suffer or high and responsible duties of the office into I assure them, and the public, that I bring with ory of Captains Meade and Edmiston, who fell me into the discharge of my public duties no sel- gallantly at Raisin. yet speaketh on this subject in his message to the fer any person to tipple or drink more than neces- volve upon one so well qualified to dischargo fish motives. The promotion of the public good By Edwin Bryant. The Officers of the Louare in favor o t, we confidently expect success. that the use of spirituous liquors, or intoxicating avoid feeling sensibly and forcibly the happy efobject. I have no party to serve-no faction to gentlemen and brave men. regard iny fellow citizens as one community des triotic events in "Old Kentuck." voted to its principles. Determined to obey its By Daniel Bradford, for many years a member the Sandwich Islands and South Africa. Massa- er as an item of that hospitality, for which they assembled, and should excite in us the liveliest respected by all others so far as it may officially of Daniel Weisiger, for some time commandant chusetts, one of the oldest, largest, and most inpay their money? True-But does the fact that
emotions of gratitude to our noble ancestors from devolve on me to do so. In all that I may do, I
of the Lexington Light Infantry Company fluential Northern States, has repealed the license such a taste characterizes a portion of our citizens, system, the people have nobly sustained the law, constitute a just reason why it should be sanction—who has so signally blessed us braver man or a truer patriot we shall look to Him, who has so signally blessed us braver man or a truer patriot with his providence, for support. Trusting to in that or any other company.

which is now in effectual and efficient operation, a led and made respectable by law, and perpetuated on the behalf of those of your fellow citizens His aid, and the support of my fellow citizens, I has devolved upon me.

MILITARY CELEBRATION.

At the military celebration of the 50th anniversary of the Loxington Light Infantry-Gen. Combs acting as President, assisted by Colonel Stephens-Col. Russell acted as Vice President, Fellow Citizens:-Three years have just assisted by Capt. Forbes. After dinner the following toasts were drank:-Lex. Int.

1. The Heroes and Sages of the Revolutionthe founders of American Liberty.

The memory of Washington. The President and Vice President of the United States.

4. The Army and Navy of the United States. 5. The Militia-the first reliance in times of langer; the magazine from which to form the lisciplined legions of our country

6. The Union of the States-It must be pre-7. Virtue and Intelligence-Essential to free

government. 8. The momory of Gen. Charles Scott, a brave

oldier, a true patriot. 9. The memory of Capt. Nath'l. G. P. Hart, who fell on the 23d January, 1813, a victim of troachery and cruelty.

10. The memory of Searles, Crawford, Blythe, Elder, Diviess, Cock, Riley, Shindlebower, Stewart, Hart and Cox-members of the Lexington Light Infantry, who fell in battle or by massacre, at Rnisin.

11. The memory of all the sons of Kentucky, who have offered up their lives upon the altar of

their country. 12. Our Country-May virtue preside over her institutions, and may her courso be enward

13 Tho fair daughters of Kentucky-May they equal the mothers of '76, in patriotism and domestic virtues, and we shall ask no more.

VOLUNTEERS.

By Col. A. Stephens-The Louisville Guards. We hail their visit with pleasure. When the cause of Liberty shall demand their services, we are satisfied they will be amongst the foremost to rally around the standard of their country, as their beautiful city is foremost in our State, in commerce, wealth and population.

By Capt. Anderson, of the Louisville Guards. The military of Lexington.

By Dr. E. W. Theobald. The military of Louisvillo and Lexington. May they ever be beld together by all the ties which bound the brave and patriotic members of the Old Infantry at the battle of Raisin.

By J. G. M'Kinney, Esq. The memory of Capt. John Postlethwaite, once the commander of the Lexington Light Infantry; the patriotic spirit having descended from father to son, its present Captain, G L. Postlethwaite, who stands a true emblem of the independence of his fore-

By Captain R. B. Parker. The memory of the dead, who once commanded the Lexington Light Infantry: Wilkerson, Hughes, Weisiger, Beatty, Postlethwaite, Bodley, Hart, Megowan, Trotter, Barbee and West.

By B. F. Graves. Capt. Elliott, an officer of the British army, who busely betrayed his friend to death. Eternal infamy to the ungrateful

By Gen. John M. M'Calla. The Republic of Texns -- a young giant of Anglo Saxon breed --At San Jacinto, her sons proved the genuineness their pedigree.

The following letter was received from his Excellency, the Lieutenant and Acting Gover-

FRANKFORT, Sept. 1839. GENTLEMEN:-Your invitation to attend the celebration of the fiftieth unniversary of the Lexington Light Infantry, was received some days since, and I regret that my official engagen-ents for the 11th will deny to me the pleasure of being present at this interesting festival. I hope that your example, not only in this way, but in the noble patriotism displayed by the Lexington Light Infantry, during the last war, will he followed by other military associations, until new life and vigor shall be infused into the militia of the State. To create this, nothing can have so happy an influence, as to point them to the origin and patriotism of the Lexington Light

Infantry. Accept for yourselves, gentlemen, and your associates in arms, my best wishes for your health and happiness. C. A. WICKLIFFE.

Capt. Postletiiwaite,] Committee PARKER, of Col'l. STEPHENS, Arrangements.

By Captain John W. Forbes. The Heroes of the public officer. He should be cautious least Raisin, now present: Chinn, Chamberlain, Rushe be influenced by the benevoleace of his own sell, Kelly, Munday, Wymore, Williams, McCalla heart, rather than the attributes of that merey and Hickman, and all the survivors of the battle contemplated by the constitution and laws of the of Raisin. May their days be prolonged, and I have been deputed, sir, by the citizens of land. There is danger, by the indiscriminate each revolving year see them as they now are, Frankfort to convey to you, on this occasion, the exercise of this power, of paralyzing the sanc- in good health and spirits, and receiving the con-

B. Captain James Whaley. The momory of W. T. Barry, Robb, Hart and Graves. May

You, sir, and my fellow citizens whom you ret their memory last as long as our independence is tant committee was appointed by that body, who on this subject, found in our Statute Book, and blended the great abilities of the statesman, with discharge of the new duties which have devolved Louisville and Lexington—they will act when

and the prosperity of the State shall be my chief isville Guards-Gentlemen-the commanders of

By C. F. C. Cloud. Lexington-Adorned on proclaims I should be, the Governor of the whole the present occasion with a greater degree of State-not of a party. I shall look to that in- military talent and chivalrous etiquette that ever strument for the rule of my public conduct, and hitherto characterized the commemoration of pa-

shall look to Him, who has so signally blessed us braver man or a truer patriot was never enrolled

By a citizen of Louisville. Let this meeting of the Lexington military and Louisville Guards be a pledge that they will, AS CITIZENS, repel all attempts to create discord between the sister cities, and, as SOLDIERS, meet at the

bayonet's point the forlorn hope of a common foe. By Colonel Thomas A. Russell. The 10th and 42d Regiments Kentucky Militia-United in their immediate locality, by the same spirit of chivalry and the same emulation in discipline, and more than all, united by the recollection of the consolidated action of their respective volunteers in the battle of Raisin.

By John Blain. May the memory of the Spartan band composing the Lexington Light Infantry in 1813, never be disgraced by their present or future representatives.

By a citizen. Captain Levi L. Todd-one of the former Captains of the Lexington Light Infantry-Though not present with us, he is still remembered by his old companions and fellow soldiers. Health and prosperity attend him tion. through life.

A number of toasts were offered viva voce by the officers and privates of the Louisville Guards, as also by Mr. Chinn, Captain Postlethwaite and Major Morgan, late of the Florida line, which we regret we are unable to give.

At night, the Louisville Guards were invited to partake of the hospitality of a Lady of our City at her house.

KENTUCKY GAZETTE.

LEXINGTON:

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 19, 1639.



FOR PRESIDENT, MARTIN VAN BUREN. FOR VICE PRESIDENT. RICHARD M. JOEFNSON.

Mr. Edwin Bryant has disposed of the Lexington Intelligencer, to Mr. John C. Noble, a printer by profession. Mr. Bryant will continue to edit it until the 1st of October, when the editorial daties are to be performed by R. Patterson Brown, Esq., of Dayton Ohio, a graduate of Transylvania University. The gentlemanly deportment of Mr. Bryant as an editor and a man, causes us to regret his departure from the editorial chair. Although we may have had a little chisselling in the way of our vocation, it never for a moment interrupted free and friendly personal inter ourse. We have heard Mr. Brown spoken of as a gentleman of a high order of talent and intellect. The present proprietor, Mr. Noble, is well qualified to superintend the mechanical department, having industry, skill and attention. We are truly sorry to lose him as one of the publishers of the Gazette.

The Gazette will hereafter be published by Mr James Virden, at the same stand on Hunt's row, adjoining the Watch-house, and we hespeak for him the patronage of our friends in the business.

The Democrats of Fayette county are reminded. that a meeting will be held in the Court-house at 3 o'clock in the afternoon of the second Monday of October, (being County Court day,) for the purpose of electing delegates to the Frankfort Convention, to be held on the 8th of January.

is but slightly injured, and that she can be require ed for about forty thousand dollars.

The Steam Boat Mogul, whilst undergoing repairs at Portland, was destroyed by fire, on the night of the 12th inst. She was supposed worth \$18,000, on which is an insurance of \$12,000.

Temperance address, and the petition to the Le- acre, of one fourth or even one third, which is a gislature of Kentucky. These documents we have very large allowance, there is no deficiency in the copied from the Maysville Eagle upon the request | quantity necessary for a full supply. Again the of the Temperance Society. It is true, the argu- wheat crop, was never better or more abundant ments urged for thus instructing our Legislature, than it was the present year. The last year's crop are plausible; yet we ought to pause, and maturely reflect on the consequences which might be it is yet unconsumed. Here then, we have the produced by a change so radical in state policy. We have a distinct recollection, that the dissolution of the Union was endangered by the enforce- sidered, a pretty fair crop of corn; more wheat, ment of the Excise law. We have lately wit- and at least, as much corn now, as we had this time nessed the excitement in Massachusetts, Missis- last year. Is there then any just cause for the consippi, &c., by the usurpation exercised by their stant cry of "half crop," "no crop at all," and so Legislatures of what was considered the rights of on? When Divine Providence is, as it were, turnthe citizens. We wish not to be understood as in ing the Horn of Plenty up side down, and pouring opposition to the temperance cause; but we con- forth its rich ahundan e into our laps, is it not imtend that the rights of the citizen are paramount plous to cry out there is nothing raised, nothing to to all others, and that any invasion, even for the reward the labourer for his toil? But this cry is best of purposes, ought to be avoided if possible, made to keep up the belief of searcity, that they and never resorted to exception the most emergent may keep up the extortion of exhorbitant prices.

MR, CLAY .- A meeting of the Whig mechan. ies and young men of Nashville, was held on the tenth of September, when a committee, composed of B. S. Weller, Williamson II. Horn, John W. P. Brown, William F. Tannehill, S. V. D. Stout and C. (. Norvell, was appointed to repair to Ashland, "with instructions to tender to Mr. Clay the hospitalities of our city, and to make known to him, the warm salicitude of this meeting for his tuture welfare and promotion, and their heartfelt anxiety to meet him, during the from them those manifestations of respect and revpresent fall, in Tennessec."

invitation, it is highly probable Mr. Crittenden ham Cow!--his Majesty the gentleman Imported will accompany him, as, to judge from the yeas Stallion, and his dignity the gentleman Jack Ass! offered his heart to a beautiful girl.

and nays in the United States' Senate, they rare- | Insufferable insolence! There is not a mother's ly, if ever, parted company.

It would seem, from the following resolution, that the invitation is not complimentary alone, but that reasons existed for this stop, which are tleman, "Full Blooded" Durham Calf. I intend not communicated through the press, and will to continue my civilities, if you please by way of probably remain unknown to all except the com- penance, until I have atoned for my error; after mittee and Mr. Clay:

Resolved, That having full confidence in the judgment and discretion of said committee, they are further instructed to urge upon Mr. Clay such other considerations, in regard to the proposed visit, as they may deem in consonance with the feelings of the Whigs of Tennessee, and calculated from their weight and importance, to insure the success of the interesting mission committed to their charge.

Counterfeit three dollar notes of the Northern Bank of Kentucky are reported to be in circula-

The St. Louis Republican of the 12th announces the death of the IIon. Albert G. Harrison, member of Congress, a native of Montgomery county Ky., which occurred on the 7th of September.

LEXINGTON RACES .- The Races over the Association Course, near this city, commenced on

FIRST DAY'S RACE.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 17.

JAMES K. DUKE'S e c Telamon, by Medoc, dam Cherry Elliott, by Sumpter. JAMES SHY'S C C Ashland, by Medoc, dam Lady Jackson, by Sumpter WILLIAM S. BUFORD's jr. b f, by Medoc, out of Vanity.

Time, 1st heat, 4m Ss.; 2d do. 4m 17s. Raining, and track heavy.

> SECOND DAY'S RACE. WENNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 18.

Two mile heats--Purse \$300. JAMES SHY'S C. C. Darnley, 3 years old, by John Richards, dam Lady Grey, by Sir Richard-dress White and Black.

AMES J. ALLEN'S b li Robert Bruce, 3 years old, by Clinton, dam Archey-dress Red.3 2 К. Duku's (Geo. W. Brand's) с e Vert-

ner, 3 years old, by Medoc, dam Lady Adams, by Whipster-dress Searlet and oun Brennan's b in Great Western, 4 years

old, by Bertrand, dam by Archy-dress Black and Green. S. Burbeinge's (L. K. Grigsby's) b c, 3 yrs

old, own brother to Kavanaugh, by Bertrand-dress Blue and Yellow. R. Burbringn's b. f Mary Ann, 4 years old, by Woodpecker, dam by Saxo Weimar-

B. R. Jenkins's c c. 1 years old, by Medoc, dam by Virginian. WM. VILEY'S b. in. Mary Brennan, 4 years

old, by Singleton, dam by Hamiltonian-

1st heat, 4:11-2d heat, 4:7-3d heat, 4:14. Track very heavy.

For the Kentucky Gazette. communication, viz:--the pretended scarcity of exceed the mo t sanguine expectations. The enprovisions, and the outrageously high prices of all ergies and enterprise of that rising country can--The Steam Boat Great Western was lately witted to be lighter than the corn crops I have adburnt at Detroit. It is stated that the machinery mitted to be lighter than usual; that is, that it will terest as high as 10 per cent. was paid for money not yield as much per acre, as it would have done, but for the drought. But there is, nevertheless, as much, and I believe more corn in Fayette county at the present time, than there was at this time down. Nevertheless, the rate of Bank discount last year. I believe that (nearly if not quite) twice the number of acres was cultivated in corn the present year, that was last. So that allowing a In another part of the Gazette will be found the deficiency in the quantity generally yielded per was also very good, and so abundant, that much of surplus of the last year's crop, and nearly all the present year's crop of wheat, and all things con-In my last I said something concerning "Blood Stock," which I pronounced to be a curse to the Country. But in that I committed a great blunder. I had not reflected, that such an expression, would in all probability draw down upon poor PHI-LANTHROPOS the indignation and wrath of the whole "Royal Family," and all their dependents. But I am as sensible of my error now, as lifty years to come could make me. I retract, and by vay of shewing my sincerity, recommend the euactment of laws, denouncing the heaviest penalties upon all persons who shall dare to withhold erence which inferiors should always feel them-The committee is also instructed to wait on selves bound to pay to their superiors. What! Mr. Crittenden, and invite him to accompany refuse to honour his lordship, the gentleman, Dur-Mr. Clay in his visit. If Mr. Clay accepts the ham Bull! or her ladyship, the gentlewoman, Dur-

son in the country, (except those who are allied to the "Royal Family,") who should not weep every day in the year, because he was not born the genwhich, I intend to notice the blessings of large stock farms to the community.
PHILANTIIROPOS.

For the Kentucky Gazette.

MR. EDITOR-The performance that have been exhibited in our city for the last week, is decidedly the best and most classic display of Sculpture that ever has been presented to a Western audience. The groups are various and faithfully displayed from the originals, so much so that if CANOVO himself was present he would no doubt be pleased by the faithful representation of his groups of Marble Statuary as illustrated by Miss Johnson and Mr.

The Comedy and Melodramatic parts performed by the balance of the company is well worthy of the patronage of the lovers of that delightful and pleasing amusement. Mr. Rodgers is undoubtedly the best light commedian that ever play-Tuesday last. The result of the first two days ed on the Lexington boards. He appears quite at the, as he is much in need of money.

J. G. MORRISON home in all his parts and his singing very fine .-Miss Johnson in singing, dancing and playing is truly admirable, and well deserving of the highest encomiums that can be placed upon her. Mr. Baily is also a promising player—he is generally perfect in his parts. Mr. Nelson and Miss Ritter are also very promising players.

Strayed or Stolen.

Morn Turnpike road, one mile abouth of Lexington. on Tuesday night last, the 10th inst, an Irou Grey Horse, four years old next spring, 15 hands high, star in his forehead, the right hind foot grey to the hock, no other mark recollected. He was not shod.

A liberal reward will be given for the delivery of said horse, or such information so that I get him.

WILLIAM METCALFE.

Lexington, Sept. 19, 1839—38-3t Miss Johnson in singing, dancing and playing is Sweepstake, for 3 year olds, 2 mile heats, \$500 encomiums that can be placed upon her. Mr. entrance, \$100 forfeit-17 entries, 3 started as Baily is also a promising player-he is gonerally per-

ARRIVAL OF THE GREAT WESTERN .- TWENTY FOUR DAYS LATER. - The steam ship Great Western was telegraphed at New York on Tuesday morning at seven o'clock, and arrived at the dock at eleven. She brings London and Liverpool papers to the 23d August, and Bristol of the 24th. her day of departure. We make up from the Commercial Advertiser, American, Courier and Journal of Commerce, the following interesting items of intelligence.

The harvest in the south of England had commenced, and was perhaps at least equal to an average crop. Uncertainty, however, still prevailed as to the quality and yield of the crops throughout the country. The details will be found below.

In France most of the crops had been saved in good order, and proved abundant.

The Cotton market had experienced some improvement.

There is no evidence of apprehension as to the solvency of the Burk of England, nor was there any further demand for specie. On the contrary, the current was setting towards England. The London Globe of the 17th of August says:

There is no cruso for alarm on account of gold. as bullion is flowing in upon us; the packets arrived to-day from Mexico and the Brazils having brought about £100,000 in specie, addition to the two or three hundred thousand pounds by the New York packets this week; besides which, a ship of war expected from the Pacific brings three millons of dollars for London.

A Liverpool circular of the same date has this

confirmatory paragraph: Our future prospects are again rendered more cheering, as accounts just received from the United States by the steamers announce that Specie is coming from thence, and the remittances received MR. BRADFORD -- Upon the subject of my last are such in amount and quality of the paper as to

had been raised to 6 per cent.

The Chancellor of the Exchequer had offered to fund four millions sterling of Exchequer bills at the rate of £110 in 3 per cent. Stocks for every £100 of Exchequer bills; and, with the aid of the Bank of England, some Scotch and Irish Banks, the Rothehilds, and other capitalists, had succeeded in funding three of the four millions, and withdrawn that amount from the floating securities in he money market.

The five great Powers, England, France, Russia, Prussia and Austria, have undertaken to put an end to the war between Turkey and Egypt, and have dictated terms to the latter. Mehemet Ali was to give back the Turkish fleet to the Sultan.

MAYSVILLE RACES.

First day, 1st Race—A sweepstake, for 2 year olds, abscription \$100, half forfeit—7 subscribers—but 3 R. A. Caldwell'a (T. Marshall's br f Pop Ried,

by Industry, dain by Ratler, B. Kirk's br f Mary Ann Foreman, by import-E P. Lec's ble Eutaw, by Brown Sumpter, dam dist.

by old Tiger,
Time—1st heat, 2m. 1s., 2nd heat, 2m. 14s. Second Rucc-Proprietor's purse \$100-mile heats: Chas. Buford's ch c ertner, by Medoc, dam Lady Adams, 3 years old,
Dr. J. M. Duke's (R. Grigby's) ch f by Archy
of 'l'ransport, dain by Old Court, 3 years old,
Robt. Snell's b f Mury Ellen, by Medoc, dam

by Whip, 3 years old, R, A. Caldwell's grf by Jimerack, dam by——, 3 years old, Robt. Cooper's (Jas. Simpson's) b f by Sir Leslio, dam by Potomae, 3 years old, W. J. Stratton's (Mr Beeche's) ch c by impor-

ted Dagee, dam by American Eclipse, 3 yrs, Time-Ist heat, 1m. 58s., 2d heat 1m. 57. Second Day-Proprietor's purso \$500-3 mi A.A. Wodsworth's (W. Harris'a) b f Mary Morris, by Medoc, dam Miss Obstinate, by Sump-

ter, 3 years old, E. P. Lee's (P. Gatewood's) ch c Sir Halpin, by Medoc, dam by imported Engle, 4 years W. J. Stratton's (Dr. E. Warfield's) b h Celes-

tion, by Sir Leslie, dam Rowena, 5 years old, 2 2 2
Dr. J. N. Menefee's b h Tom Benton, by Bertrand, dam by Cannon's Whip, 6 yrs, old dist.
Dr. J. M. Duke's (J. Webb's) b e by Woodpecker, dam by Cook's Whip, 3 years old.

Time—1st heat, 6m. 3s.; 2d heat, 5m. 8s; 3d heat, 7m.

"Please Exchange," as the printer said when he

CF JEFFERSON HOUSE LOUISVILLE .- A correspondent requests us to say, that he has lately visited the Jefferson House, kept by Mr. W. E. Cuiver, corner of Jefferson and South Steeets, Louisville, and that for good living, comfort and attention to guests, it is unsurassed by any in the State Sept. 19, 1839-38-3t*

MARRIED-On the 13th of September, by the Rev. C. W. Cloud, Mr. Thomas Suggard to Mrs. Sarah

DIED-On the 12th September, after a long and painful illness Mrs. SARAft PETTY, consort of Mr Ransdslc Petty, of this county.

In Jeffersonville, Ind., on the 5th Miss SUSAN FRANCES HONFLEUR, wife of Juan Honfleur formerly known in Loxington as Miss Rodgers.

New Goods for 1839. HAWKINS & MORRISON,

RE receiving and opening at their Store Rooms. No. 27, West Main Street their Fall and Winter supplies of English, French, India and American DRY GOODS;

Purchased with care and attention, out of the latest arrivals in the Cities of New York and Philadelphia with cash, which enables us to offer them at lower rates than usual. Our friends and the Public are respectfully invited to call and examine our goods, before they purchase, as we can assure them our assortment is very complete, and having the power we are determined to sell cheap. A. F. HAWKINS, J. G. MORRISON.

September 19, 1839-38-3m

The subscriber carnestly requests those indebted to

THE firm of BOWMAN & HARCOURT are now received ing their supply of

Staple and Fancy Goods,

Adapted to the present and approaching season. The above Goods will be sold at a very greetly reduced price.

The Goods, with the price, cannot but please. Purchasers are respectfully solicited to call and examine for themselves, us we are determined to sell.

BOWMAN & HARCOURT. Lexington, Sept. 19, 1839-38-1m

SELLING OFF AT COST!

HIE partnership existing between Rowman & Harcourt, will, by ngreement, expire on the day of January next, and wishing to discontinue buss in this city with a view of closing the same as a spossible, they offer their entire stock of merelannow on hand, at cost, wholesale or retail. A great trivial to with manufacturers and farmers; with a great variety of other articles, too tedious to enumerate, which we promise to sell by Wholesale or Retail at very reduced prices.

A general invitation is extended to all purchasers to call and view our Stook—our city patrons and friends are particularly requested not to buy elsewhere, until they have given us a call. To our country friends and Harcourt will between Bowman & 1st day of January next, and wishing to discontinue bu-siness in this city with a view of closing the same as soon as possible, they offer their entire stock of merchandize now on hand, at cost, wholesale or retail. A great many of our goods were purchased this fall, entirely new, consisting of the most desirable goods this city can af-ford. The above goods are too numerous to enumerate.

Persons wishing to supply themselves would do well to call and examine for themselves immediately.

TERMS—All sums under \$30, eash; over \$30 and under \$100, payable 1st day of January next; \$100 and over, payable 1st day of March next, with well endorsed notes navable in either of the Banks of this city. ed notes payable in either of the Banks of this city. BOW HAN & HARCOURT.

Sept. 19, 1839-38-3m

TRANSYLVANIA UNIVERSITY,

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT. oprevent misapprehension, and to satisfy all inquirers, it is deemed proper to state, that the ships Gibralter and Poland, have safely arrived in this country from Franco and London, with invoices of Books, Chemical Apparatus. Surgical and Observious Instruments, magnificent preporations, illustrative of Potholo-gical Anotomy, &c. &c. &c., selected with great care, for our Medical School, in virtue of the munificent dona-tion of the City Council, by Professors Peter and Busn, whose homeward passage was engaged for the first of September, in the British Queen. To the above will be added, an extensive array of morbid preparations, by Professor Smith, so that the means of instruction will be most ample, and we need scarcely say, will be so spplied as greatly to cuhanco the interests of every department.

THOS. D. MITCHELL, Dean.

Nevertheless, money was very scarce, and increase as high as 10 per cent. was paid for money orrowed on the deposite of Exchequer bills.

The arrangement heretofore spoken of between the arrangement heretofore spoken of the arrangement heretofore spoken of between the arrangement heretofore spoken of the arrangement heretofore spoken of between the arrangement heretofore spoken of between the arrangement heretofore spoken of the arra the Bank of France indirectly and the Bank of England, was carried into efect, and had kept exchange down. Nevertheless, the rate of Bank discount was such a collection of the meuns of the Monongalia Academy. Class 5 for 1839. To be determined by the satisfaction of knowing, that we shall have such a collection of the meuns of drawn at Alexandria, Va. Sept. 21, 1839. D. S. Gregory deficilly the converted to the found in the country. found in the country.

The Editors who have published our annual adverlisement, and all others who may find it convenient, are requested to give the above one insertion.

Dissolution of Partnership. If E partnership heret fore existing between the undersigned, was this day dissolved by mutual contery, 14 drawn ballots.

All debts due the firm are to be paid to Wm. Hard-nan. WM. HARDMAN. HAMLET HANSBRO.

September 10, 1839-37-3t

AMLET HANSBRO still continues to carry on the Watch making business, at the Lottery Office of A. S. Streeter, No. 9. East Main street, where he will be happy to accommodate his friends and those who may choose to favor him with their eustom.

Notice.

THE public are cautioned against purchasing of A. O. Nowton, a note given to him by me, with R. Fleming as a joint obligor, dated on the 29th inst., for two thousand dollars, payable on the 10th of May next, negotiable and payable at the Northern Bank of Kentucky—as I shall not pay the same until all incumbrances on the property purchased of him by me, shall be ces on the property purchased of him byme, shall be discharged so far as they can effect me.

HUGH LONNEY.

September 5, 1839-36-3t

A Stray Cow. large RED COW, with the tip of cach horn cut off, a white spot on Tickets \$20—Shares in proportion. 78:

cach jaw, and a half crop out of the right car, supposed to be six years old, appraised to fifteen dollars. JOHN MARTIN.

September 5, 1839-36-3t*

Fayette County, To-wit.

| Naken up by Nathaniel Besworth, six miles from Lexington near the Versailles Turnpike road, a Sorrel Horse, about ten or cleven years old, about 15½. hands high, hind feet white, a large snip on his nose, had three shoes on. Appraised to \$35 by William Elder & J. Halstead, this 10th September 1839, before me DAN. BRADFORD J. P.

Attest September 9, 1839--37-3t J.C. RODES, Clk.

Fayette County, Sct.

1 NAKEN up by Nathaniel Bosworth, six miles from Lexington, near the Versailles Turnpike road, a Sorrel Filly, three years old, both hind feet white, and some white in the for-head. Appraised to thirty-five the larges lloyell and Samuel Smith, given ondollars by James Howell and Samuel Emith, given ander my hand this 21st May, 1839.

JOHN PARKER, J. P.

J. C. RODES, Clerk.

Sept. 9, 1839-37-3t

NEW AND SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF

Fall and Winter Goods!

D. M. & F. W. CRAIG, RE now receiving and opening, at their Store, op-posite the Court-House door, an Elegant and ex-ensive stock of carefully selected

Staple & Fancy dry Goods;

Among which will be found, in part, the following lesirable articles, viz: super blue and black wool and piece dyed CLOTHS, some very fine

some very line,
Green, brown and other Fancy Cloths,
Black, green, brown and drab Beaver Æphaltum, Mohair and Flushing Cloths, for Over-Coats, a superior

Blue, black and fancy colored Cassimeres, plain, striped

Blue, black, brown, mixed and other fancy Cassinetts, plain, striped and plaid,
Satin, Wellington, Valencia, Swansdown and Velvet
Vestings, new style,
Woollen, Merino and Cotton Shirts and Drawers,

White, blue, green and red Mackinaw Blankets; Clay, Whitney and fancy French Blankets, Plaid, spotted and plain colored and white Flannels, French and American Prints and Calicoes, Satin, Velvet and Bombazine Stocks, plain and figured;

Linen Bosoms and Collars, new style; Silk, Gingham and Cotton Umbrellas; Super Linen Cambrie and Silk Handkerchiefs, for la-

dies and gentlemen; Cophyr, Cruels and patterns for fancy work,
Darning and knitting Yarns, assorted colors;
Embroidered, figured and plain Muslin de Lanes, Shallys and Shallyetts,

him, (whose notes and accounts are due) to call and acttle, as he is much in need of money.

J. G. MORRISON

Straved or Stoler.

J. G. MORRISON

Straved or Stoler.

Adelaide and other Cloths, for ladies cloaks and ri-

ding dresses;

Bonnet, Sush and Bell Ribbons, assorted, A Splendid Assortment of French Needle Work, in his Such as Capes, Collors, Ruffling, Edging, inscrtions and

Such as Capes, Collors, Ruffling, Edging, insertions and
Infunts Dresses;
Embroidered, plaid and plsin Merino, Cashmiero, Camel's hair, Nett and Woolleu Shawls and Ildkfs.,
Splendid embroidered Silk Shawls and Mantillas,
Black and fancy Kidd, Thibet, Silk and Mohair Gloves
and Mitts, Plain and ribbed Silk, Merino, Lamb's
Wool and Mohair Hose and Ilalf Ilose,

A superior lot of Trimmings, for ladios dresses and riding habits, such as Fringe, Lace, Buttons, Silk Cord, Braiding, Quilling Shenile Cord, &c.
Gentlemen's superior Otter, Beaver, Nutria, Cooney, Musk-rat, and Scalskin CAPS; FUR COLLARS!

A superior lot of Water-Proof and Fine

Boots and Shoes,

For Gentlemen and Boys, and a splendid lot of Satin and Lasting Gaiter Boots and Shoes, Fur Lined and Quilted; Bonnets; Travelling Baskets; Pen and Pocket Knives, of Rogers & Woostenholm's make a superior article.—Also, a large lot of Negro Jeans, Socks, Shoes and Caps, which will be sold low to manufacturers and farmers; with a great variety of other articles too tedious to enter the solution of the satisfactory of the sa

they have given us a call. To our country friends and customers, we will pledge them that we will sell them Goods as low as any house in the city, and will give the highest market price for all such articles as are commonly bartered for in our line. As we take great pleasure in showing our goods, we wish all to call and examino September 12, 1839--37-tf for themselves.

McCULLOUGH'S KENTUCKY ALMANAC, FOR 1840:

PRICE \$4. PER HUNDRED. TOrders for any amount, post paid. Address Address SAM'L. D. McCULLOUGH, September 5, 1839. 36-3t Lexington



\$80,0003 \$15,0003 \$10,000! 20 prizes of \$2,000! 50 prizes of \$1,000!!

1182 2 2 2 20 &c. &c. &c. CLASS 79 for 1839. To be determined by the draw. BRILLIANT SCHEME.

1 prize of \$30,000; 1 of 10,000; 1 of 5,000; 1 of 3,000; 1 of 2,500; 1 of 1,995; 2 of 1,500; 30 of 1,000; 50 of 250; 65 of 200; 75 of 150; 125 of 125; 64 of 100; 64 of 90; 63 of 80; 64 of 75; 64 of 70; 64 of 60; 64 of 50; 128 of 40; 128 of 30; 5,120 of 20; 23, 224 of 10

Tickets \$10; Shares in proportion. 78 Number Lot-

CLASS 77 for 1839. To be determined by the drawing of the Virginia State Lottery—For the benefit of the Mechanical Benevolent Society of Norfolk. Class 5 for 1839. To be drawn at Alexandria, Va. Sept. 28, 1839. D. S. Gregory & Co. Managers.

GRAND SCHEME.

1 prize of \$40,000; 1 of 10,000; 1 of 5,000; 1 of 3,000; 1 of 2,500; 1 of 1,940; 1 50 of 1,000; 50 of 250; 60 of 200: 63 of 150; 63 of 100; 63 of 80; 63 of 60; 126 of 50; 126 of 40: 3.654 of 50: 23,436 of 10. Tickets \$10; Shares in proportion. 75 Number Lot-

tery-12 drawn ballots. 100,000 Dollars!

CLASS A, for 1839. To be determined by the drawing of the Town Hall Lottery of Maryland, Class 1 for 1839. To be positively drawn in the City of Baltimore, on Wodnesday, Sept 25, 1839. Under the auperintendence of Commissionors. D.S. Gregory & Co. GRAND SCHEME.

1 prize of \$100,000; 1 of 25,000; 1 of 10,000; 1 of 8,000; 1 of County on Sinking Creek, two milea North East of Versailles, a

Tickets \$20-Shares in proportion. 78 number lottery, 12 drawn ballots A. S. STREETER, Lexington, Main street, next door to the Library.

\$100 REWARD.

ANAWAY from the subscriber, living four miles from Lexington, Ky. on the Tate's Creek road, about the 20th of August, a Negro Man named SPENCER, about 23 years of age, about 5 feet 10 inches high, straight and well made, of dark color, although not a jet black, talks quick when spoken to; had on a bluo cloth frock coat, white pantaloons, and for hat; the remainder of his clothes were left at my house. He was lately purchased from Mr. Horace Buckner of Bowlinggreen, hy and will probably attempt to make his way to that place, or Louisville to Mr. Samuel Dickinson's, where he formerly lived.

If the above slave is taken out of Kentucky, the above reward, or if in the State \$50, will be paid, on his delivery at my house.

Lexington, Ky. September 9, 1839-37-tf

Lexington, Ky. September 9, 1839-37-tf The Advertiser, Louisville, and Gazette, Bowling-green, will insert 3t. 大山田 田田

New Fall and Winter Goods,

Of the latest fashions, comprising every variety of STA-PLE AND FANCY GOODS, suitable for the present and approaching season—all of which they will sell ve-ry low for Cash, or to good customers. Their stock is very large and complete. We invite all purchasers to call and examine for themselves, as we had rather show our Goods than to write about them.

STOCK OF GOODS

Of Messrs. J. Chew & Co No. 7, opposite the Court-house. Where they intend keeping a general assertment of all articles in their line, to which they particularly invite the attention of purchasers. They carnestly solicit a share of public patronage.

RICHARD B. TODD & CO.

Aug. 1, 1839-31 2m.

Transylvania University. MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

THE Lectures will commence, as usual, on the first Monday in November, and close on the last day of February, and be delivered by the following faculty viz: BENJAMIN W. DUDLEY, M. D. Prof. of Anatomy

on! Surg.ry.

JAMES M. BUSH, M. D. Adjunct Prof. of Anato-

my and Surgery.

JAMES C. CROSS, M. D. Prof. of Institutes and Medical Jurisprudence.

NATHAN R. SMITH, M. D. Prof. of Theory and Practice of Medicine. WILLIAM II. RICHARDSON, M. D. Prof. of Obste-

trics and Diseases of Women and Children. THOMAS D. MITCHELL, M. D. Prof. of Materia Medica and Therapeutics. ROBERT PETER, M. D. Prof. of Chemistry and

The cost of a full course of Lectures is One hundred and fire Dollars. The Mathiculation fee, entitling to use of the Library is Pive Dollars. The Dissecting ticket (which is optional with the pupil,) is You Dollars.— The Graduation fee is Twenty Dollars. Good boarding and lodging, including fuel and light from Two Dollars and Fifty Cents to Four Dollars per week.

Dean of Faculty. Lexington, Ky. July 11, 1839.

GE.V S.HITHING.



TONE & KOPPIKUS, late of Now York would respectfully inform the cit zens of Lexington and the public generally, that the public generally, that have permanently located themselves in this City, the Gun Smithing in all where they will now earry on the Gun Smithing in all its various branches; and will also keep constantly on hand, a general assortment of Superior Rifles, Double and single barrelled Shot Guns and Pistols, of their own manufacture. They hope by their prompt attention to their histories, to share a part of the public patronage, and would be pleased for persons who wish to purchase,

to call and examine their stock, where they can be supplied on reasonable terms. Their shop is situated on Mulberry street, nearly opposite James Weirs Rope and Bagging factory.

Lexington August 1, 1839—31—3m

George R. McKee,

Attorney and Counseller at Law, LANCASTER, Ky.

ILL attend punctually to all business confided to him in the county of Garrard and the adjoining s. Collections attended to throughout the State june 6, 1839 23-tf

JOIEN M. M. CALLA,

Attorney at Law, WILL practice in the Fagette Courts. The collection of non-residents' claims promptly attended to.

His Office is on Main street, in the front rooms over the Tailor's shop of Mr. Thomas Rankin, opposite to the Lexington, K. Nov 26, 1838-48-1y

T. M. HICKEY & W. B. REDD, A TTORNIES at Law and Barristers, will, in future practice in association. Their Office is on Main street, between Frazer's corner and Bieunan's Hotel Lex., April 19, 1838 16-tf

Saddle Harness and Trunk MANUFACTORY.



No. 23, Main-street, Lexington, Ky.

respectfully inform them that he still continues to carry on the above business, in all its various branches, at his old stand, on Main-street, immediately opposite the Kentucky Gazette Office, where he is prepared, on short notice and reasonable terms to execute all orders in his line of the increase and the standard of the control of the control of the standard of the standard

Ils stock now on hand is very large, and in of point neatness and the style of workmonship, is unsurpassed by that made in this cit or elsewhere, which he will dispose of at reduced prices. He respectfully invites those wishing any articles in his line to give him a call, as he thinks he can suit them as well, if not better, than they can be in this city. as he thinks ne can said than they can be in this city.

ROBERT HUSTON.

Lexington, July 11 1839-28-3m

NOTICE.

JOHN T. MASON, Esq. formerly of Kentucky, has left in my hands as his Agent and Attorney, a fund in Lands—of line quality, and good title—which I am to dispose of in settlement of all demands against him in Kentucky. Those having claims against him, will immediately consult me upon the subject.

JAMES E. DAVIS.

Lexington, February 14, 1939.—7tf

JABEZ BEACH,

Lexington, Sept. 15, 1836--55--tf



CINCINNATI RACES.

FALL meeting, 1839, will commence on Monday

THE subscribers take this method of informing their friends and the public generally, that they have purchased the entire

proprietor; second best to get back his state, to hame and close by the 15th August.

For this race six subscribers are expected.

Same Day.—The Breeders' plate, value \$200, for three year olds, free only for those bred in the State of Ohio, and Campbell county, Ky., mile heats.

3rd. Day.—The Breeders' plate, value \$500, two mile heats, a beautiful Tea set, (silver;) the amount of entrance to be governed by the number of entries. To this plate the proprietor makes an entry.

his plate the proprietor makes an entry.

Same Day.—A Post stake for 3 year olds, mile heats, sub. \$100 each; the entry to be made at 4 o'clock the day. out. Show each; the entry to be made at 4 o'clock the day previous to the race; to name at the Judges' stand previous to the hour of starting.

1th Day.—Jockey Clob porce, \$0.00; three mile heats.

If three on more start, the second best to receive 120 collars out of the purse. If not three, the winner to eccive 470 dollars.

5th Day .- Jockey Club purse, 1000 dollars; four mile

If three or more start, the second best to receive 200 blars out of the purse. If not three, the winner to ecive 500 dollars. 6th. Day .- Proprietor's purse, 400 dollars in gold; mile

If three or more start, the second best to receive One Hundred dollars out of the purse. If not three, the winner to receive Three Hundred dollars in gold. LEWIS SANDERS, Agent.

September 5, 1839-36-3t

DISSOLUTION.

IIE partnership heretofore existing between the subscribers, trading under the firm of Rainey & Ferguson, having expired by limitation, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. Payment, (which we carried to a the rest of the color and our all o JAS. FERGUSON.

Lexington Aug. 1, 1839

ber, by Professors Bush and Putea, and the new Medical Hall, having been actually begun, will be completed with all possible despatch.

The notes of good and solvent banks, in the States whence the pupils respectively come, will be taken at the par value, for Professor's tickets.

THOS. D. MITCHELL A.

Which he is determined to sell at reduced prices and on is usually accommodating terms. On hand, 50 pieces Scotch, Kidderminster and 3 Ply Ingrain CARPETING and Tufted Rugs. 5000 yards NEGRO JEANS and LINSEYS. Lexington, Aug. 1, 1839—31-3m

Public Sale. AVING disposed of my Farm, I will sell at publi Auction, without reserve, at my residence, on the Auction, without reserve, at my residence on the Maysville Turnpike road, one mile from Lexington,

On Wednesday, the 2d day of October, All my stock of HORSES, CATTLE, and HOGS All my stock of Houses, ON Tibe, and Talendanong which, are 7 first rate Milch Cones; Farming 'tensils, &c, Also—1 Eastern made Farm Wagon, nearly new; a Carriage and Harness.

Also—25 Acres of first rate CORN, in the field; Wheat, Oats and Hay in the Barn; together with many

therarticles not enumerated. Sale positive and with

Terms of Sale will be easy, and made known on the yof sale.

JAMES BEACH. September 5, 1839-36-1t

HAT FACTORY,

No. 38, West Main-Street, corner of Main-Closs St., LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY.

WILLIAM F. TOD.

[Successor to Bain & Top,] CONTINUES in successful operation his unequalled facilities in the application of STEAM AND MACHINERY to the Manufacturing of Hats, which he hopes will at all times enable him to supply his customer than the state of the state and all who may desire to purchase, either as WHOLESALE OR RETAIL, with every variety of

Fur and Silk Hats. The most desirable and fashionable article the marke

Instructived, the Philadelphia and New York Win ter Fashious for 1838 and 9, for Gentlemen's Hats December 27, 1838 52-\$10abtoih

WILLIAM ALLISON,

BOOT AND SHOE MAKER.

ETURNS his thanks for the encouragement here tofore received in the line of his business, and, takes this method of informing his friends and the in general, that he continues the said business on Upper street, between Norton's apothecary shop and the market-house; where he will be always ready to serve eustomers with work of the best quality. He also announces, that he has lately received a choice supply of Eastern Work, selected for himself, consisting of Boots, Bootees and Shoes of every description, being a regular assortment for this market. He would ask his friends THE sub-criber returns his thanks to his old friends, customers and the public generally, for the very liberal patronago heretofore extended to him, and would and all wishing to be served in his line, to call and ex Lexington, July 25, 1839-30-tf.

Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

OWENS would most respectfully inform the citzens of Lexington and the public generally, that he is now receiving, and intends to keep constantly on hand, a large assorment of DOUBLE SOLE FRENCH BOOTS—and also a large let of COBK suitable for proposes. large lot of CORK snitable for manufacture turing Cork Sole Boots and Shoes. Also, a large assortment of coarse Men's and Chit dren's Brogans, all of which he will sell as low for Cash, as any other house in the city. He invites the public to call and examine his stock, as he feels confident they cannot be surpassed.

RICHARD OWENS, Main street, opposite Brennan's Hotel. N. B. In addition to his Eastern and French work, he would inform the public that every description of BOOTS and SHOES are manufactured on the shortest notice and most favorable terms.

Bancing, &c. &c.

Lexington, Dec 13, 1838-50-tf

A This Coach Repository, has now on hand a COACH equal to any in the State, and four yety fine COACHEES, CHARTOTEES, BAROUCHES and BUGGIES, all of the fortees, Barouches and Buggles, all of the first quality, manufactured at New-Ark, New-Jersey, which will be sold on the lowest terms.

Any person wishing a Carriage of any description, can by giving an order, have the same forwarded from the manufacture at New-Ark, free of commission

Lexington, Will please sign during that week. For the accommodation of gentlemen engaged in business, Night Classes will be formed. An efficient Bard is now arranging for the Balts and Parties of the Season. Mr. R. respectfully informs his friends at RICHMOND and WINCHESTER, that he will (as promised) be with them the last week in this month. Lexington, August 15, 1839-34-tf

To Executors, Administrators and Guardians.

THE undersigned Commissioners, appointed by the County Court of Fayette, to settle the accounts of Executors, Administrators and Guardians, will hold or Executions, Administrations and dualing settlements with those who may desire, at the Clerk's office of the County Court, on the first Tuesday in every month.—They will, however, attend at any other time their serrices may be required.

WALLER RODES.
GEORGE NORTON.
Lexington, August 8, 1839. JEREMIAH KIRTLY.

DR. DAVID WALKER respectfully informs the citizens of Lexington and its vicinity, that he has located himself permanently in Lexington, and will attend with promptuess and fidelity to all calls in his profession. He may be found at Dr. B. W. Dedler's Shop.

April 17, 1839. 16-tf

Western Demporium.

Western Emperium of Fashien, a large and splendid assortment of Cothis, Cassimeres, Vestings, Fancy Articles and Ready Made Clothing of every description, which I selected myself in the Eastern Cities, with great care as to style and quality. The public in general are respectfully invited to eall and examine for themselves, last great inducements will be held out to those wishing to respectivity in which the season as great inducements will be held out to those wishing to nurchase.

THOMAS RANKIN,

No. 14, W. Main Street. Lexington, May 2, 1839. N. B. A splendid assortment of TAILOR'S TRIM-MINGS, which will be sold Wholesalo or Retail, to suit purchasers. The TAILORING BUSINESS is still caried on with neatness and despetch.

To Stammerers.

ROM the numerous applications for the cure of STAMMERING, I shall return to Lexington in the course of six weeks, and remain about three or four C. H. CHAPMAN Lexington, May 2, 1839.

TAIR NOTICE.—All persons indebted to the late firm of Bowman & Dunn, are most respectfully icited to call and liquidate the same, on or before the Ist day of Jane next. All persons not complying with the above requisition, may expect to be waited on by an officer on that date.

JOHN BOWMAN.



Fayette Fashionable Cabinet & Chair

WAREPROOMS

1st and 2nd Stories-No 17, East Main Street, LEXINGTON, KY. HANKFUL for the very liberal encouragement laye met with since Leavenagement

have met with since I commenced the above buness, I take this means of informing my customers and the public generally, that having purchssed a large and commodious house, suitable for the accommodation and xhibition of the extensive stock of Cabinet Ware, Chairs, Mattrasses, Blinds,

ud other articles in my line, which it is my determinaion to keep constantly in store, I am now prepared to fier the greatest inducement to those who favor me with alls. I am permanently fixed in Lexington, and I am onfident I can give entire satisfaction to purebasers. 'he stock at present on hand consists in part of

Splendid Spring-seat Sofas, Mahogany Bureaus, Sideboards, Secretaries, Wardrobes, Pier & Dressing Tubles, with and without Marble Tops. The assortment of CHAIRS is very large, and variou in style and quality, and at reduced prices. I will fill in the most speedy manner possible, all orders of the above named articles, as well as every thing appertaining to the PPHOLSTERING BUSINESS; besides which, have VENETIAN BLINDS, of the most approved

style at moderate prices.
Furniture delivered in all parts of the city without eral calls will meet prompt attention

In the second story of my establishment I keep every ariety of the finest linished Furniture, and I solicit a all from the public whether they wish to buy or not JAMES G. MATHERS. March 21, 1839-12-tf.

WHEAT.

CALDWELL, is happy to be able to state, that the PHCENIX MILLS (formerly the Atherian Hills.) are in such a state of forwardness, that he will be able to receive wheat in about ten days. He will ay the highest price for good sound wheat, delivered at he mills, and invites the Farmers to call as early as eticable, and make engagements for their crops. will shortly be able to fill all orders for FLOUR and dEAL, which he will warrant of the first quality. Lexington, July, 25, 1839 25.-3m Obsesver, and Intelligencer insert 3m weekly.

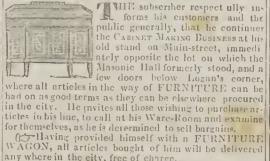
fair prices—or a likely negro girl will be taken in part pay. Also, a very superior GRAND ACTION PLINO FORTE, of fine tone and superior workmanship. Apply at our Auction Store, Hunt's Row.

CAVINS & BRADFORD.
Lexington, August 8, 1839.

To Eastern Merchants & Mechanics. THE subscriber will publish by the middle of November next his Louisville, Ky Directory, for 1840. Eastern dealers and mechanics have the thoopportunity of advertising in it on the following terms, by sending the advertisement and the money to the editors of the Louisville Louisville. ors of the Louisville Journal.

TERMS One page, - - . One-half page, - - . One-fourth page, One square, not exceeding 6 lines, C. W. GRAHAM. August 29, 1839-35-4f

CABINET WARE-ROOM.



any where in the city, free of charge.

JOSEPH MILWARD. N. B. I am prepared with a HEARSE, and will at end to Funeral calls, either in the city or country. Lexington, Sept. 5, 1838 36-tf

Great Western Manufactory



the effect.



OF FURNITURE, CHAIRS & SOFAS; Venetian Blinds, Mattrasses, Feather Beds, &c.

No. 15, Hunt's Row, LEXINGTON, KY.

LEXINGTON, KY.

No. 22, Wall-street.

June, 27, 1839—26-tf

TORY; and is now making some of the most Fashionable Furniture, Chairs, &c. that is made at the present day. The subscriber has in his employ, some of the best workmen in the United States, and is a practical workmen in the United States, and is a practical workmen in the United States, and is a practical workmen in the United States, and is a practical workmen in the United States, and is a practical workmen in the United States, and is a practical workmen in the United States, and is a practical workmen in the United States, and who wish to dispose of them on reasonable terms, will please address Dr. J. King, No. 29, Camp street, New Orleans, stating diseases, and who wish to dispose of them on reasonable terms, will please address Dr. J. King, No. 29, Camp street, New Orleans, stating diseases, and who wish to dispose of them on reasonable terms, will please address Dr. J. King, No. 29, Camp street, New Orleans, stating diseases, and who wish to dispose of them on reasonable terms, will please address Dr. J. King, No. 29, Camp street, New Orleans, Stating diseases, and who wish to dispose of them on reasonable terms, will please address Dr. J. King, No. 29, Camp street, New Orleans, Stating diseases, and who wish to dispose of them on reasonable terms, will please address Dr. J. King, No. 29, Camp street, New Orleans, Stating diseases, and who wish to dispose of them on reasonable terms, will please address Dr. J. King, No. 29, Camp street, New Orleans, Stating diseases, and who wish to dispose of them on reasonable terms, will please address Dr. J. King, No. 29, Camp street, New Orleans, Stating diseases, and who wish to dispose of them on reasonable terms, will please address Dr. J. King, No. 29, Camp street, New Orleans, Stating diseases, and who wish to dispose of them on reasonable terms, will please address Dr. J. King, No. 29, Camp st commodating terms as any house in the city. I think I can please the majority of my customers, if heauty durability, and low prices combined together will have

P.II.VELVG.

I will also fill all orders for Ptain, Gotd or Ornamental Signs—Landscape Painting on walls or fire boards, in oil or distenper colors—Gibling Picture Frames, to-gether with various kinds of ORNAMENTAL PAINT-ING as may be wanted. All orders executed with neat ness and despatch on the most reasonable terms.

13 It may be well for the Farmers, Merchants and and those that live East of the Alleghaneys. The more figuring and cypthering there are bound to show the prosperity of the country by feeding and clothing the mechanics hore at home, and those that live East of the Alleghaneys. The more figuring and cypthering there is done about the matter, the more Baeon, Flour, Corn, Dry Goods, and Furniture will be sold here amongst us. I will take a few thousand pounds of Baeon, and two or three hundred barrels of Corn, in cychange for Furniture by way of experiof Corn, in exchange for Furniture by way of experi-

HORACE E. DIMICK, Lexiugton, June 20, 1839. No. 15, Hunt's Row.

Plough Making & Black-smith-



THE Subscribers respectfully inform their erally, that they have pur chased the well known es tablishment, formerly be-longing to Mr. William Rockhill, and are now pro-oared to furnish all articles in their line, on short notice. The PLOUGH-MAKING Business will be continued in all its uranches, and a good as-

softwent of the latest improved Ploughs kept constantly or hand. Old Ploughs repaired with neatness and despatch. WM. P. BROWNING, JOHN HEADLEY,

UNDER THE FIRM OF BROWNING & HEADLEY

N. B. We wish to employ a forstrate Plough-Stocker, or Wagon Maker, to whom constant employment will be given. Also-2 or 3 Apprentices in the Smithshop, of repectable narentage, and who can come well recomi Lex Sep 7.--53-tf

\$100 Reward.

ANAWAY from the subscriber, living on the Nicholasville Turapike, 5 miles from Lexiogton, on
the 21st of June, a Negro Boy named ALFRED, but
commenly known and generally answers to the name of
Frot. He is about 1! years old, dark complexion, heavy
built, very low forchead, flat face large mouth, very flat
nose, very flat foot, lies hair comes very few, nearly to his
cyclrows. He had a lame made flannel shirt on and
think mixed gray nantaloons. When spoken to gnick. think mixed gray pantaloons. When spoken to quick-yearther given to stammering. I will give 920 if taken n this or any adjoining county, or \$100 if taken out of

in this or any nationing county, the State, with all reasonable charges.

WM. ROMAN. July 4, 1839 27-tf

TO HEMP MANUFACTURERS. THE subscriber has invented a HEMP HECKLE, which may be put in operation by any power The Hemp and Tow are put in good order with very lit the tremp and Yow are put in good offer with very hte-tle labour. Any person wishing information on the sub-ject are referred to William Alexander near Paris, who has one of my Heckles in operation though not yet com-pleted. The machinery is simple and durable. Any tle labour. son endeavoring to make a machine of the above des cription, without permission, will be treated as they deserve. Communications addressed to the subscriber in

Shelbyville, will be promptly attended to.
FOSTER DEMASTERS. October 4, 1838 40-tf



LEXINGTON FASHIONABLE AND GENERAL FURNITURE

ESTABLISHMENT.

City Lots in Louisville.

WE have for sale, TWO TOWN LOTS, in the City of Louisville, in a very improving part of the eity, which we will sell for eash, or for Dry Goods at fair prices—or a likely negro girl will be taken in part of pay.

Also a likely negro girl will be taken in part of the negro girl will be taken in the negro girl will be taken in the negro gir

Furniture, Chairs, Blinds, Mattrasses, &c. On hand, of the latest fashions and best quality, prepared for the spring and summer sales, and withing to increase my business to double what it has been, I have reduced my prices lower than they have ever been in this city, and I think sufficiently low to compete with any Western, if not Eastern city. Call and see, and if I do not sell cheap, then tell me of it. For specimens of my work, I would refer the public to some of the most fashionable houses in the City, and to my extensive Ware house. As usual, I will deliver any thing that I sell any where in the city in seed cryar and fee of I sell any where in the city, in good order, and free of

harge.

All kinds of Upholstering will be attended to at the more reduced price.

P. S. I am prepared to attend funeral calls at any our or place.

Will contain the one prizes, and the first our numbers that shall be drawn out, will be entitled to such prizes as shall be drawn to its number, and the fortunate holders of such prizes will have such property transferred to them immediately after the drawing, unencumbered P. S. I am prepared to attend funeral ealls at any our or place.

April 4, 1830 11-tf

LEXINGTON MOTEL,

(RECENTLY OCCUPIED BY COL. J. KEISER,)

DR. CROSS

AVING permanently settled himself in Lexington offers his professional services to its citizens and the farmers in its vicinity. Office on Short-Street, opposite the Courthouse, next door to Gen. Combs' office.

July 19, 1837 22-tf

males are subject, there can he no remedy in the whole Materia Medica, which combines such innocent and curative virtues.

Prepared by Edward Prentiss, sole proprietor, and sold by Daniel Bradford, at the Office of the Kentucky Gazaette, Lexington.

ESPECIAL

UR correspondents and friends are informed that we continue to supply orders on all Lotteries under the management of D. S. Gregory & Co. and prizes and paid on demand in Cash only, as heretofore. All are requested to be very particular to address name and number,

No. 130, Broadway, and No. 22, Wall-street.

Diarrica, veneral, Alercurial disease, Regro Consumption, sometimes called negropoison, Feverand Ague, Rheumatism, and female diseases.

The Little Rock Times; Florence Gazette; Charleston Courier; the journals in the city of Mobile, and Lexington, Ky. and the Daily Courier, Natchez, will insert the advertisement headed, "To Planters and owners of Slaves," for three months and forward their accounts to

Unexampled Mammoth Scheme!!!

INFE following details of a scheme of a lottery to be drawn in December next, warrants us in declaring it to be unparalleled in the history of Lotteries. Prizes to the amount have never before been offered to the public. It is true there are many blanks, but on the other hand the extremely low charge of \$20 a ticket, the value and number of the Capitals, and the revival satisfaction, and especially to the Six Hundred Prize-

To those disposed to adventure, we recommend early application to be made to us for tickets—when the priapplication to be made to usfor tickets—when the prizes are all sold, blanks only remain—the first buyers
have the best chance. We, therefore, emphatically say,
DELAY NOT, but at once remit and transmit to us
your orders, which shall always receive our immediate
attention. Letters to be addressed, and applications
made te

SYLVESTER & CO.

\$ 700,000!! \$ 500,000! **\$ 25,000!** 6 prizes of \$20,000! 2 of 15,000,

property situated in New Orleans.

The richest and most magnificent scheme ever presented to the public in this or may other country. TICKETS ONLY TWENTY DOLLARS. Authorized by an act of the Legislativo Assembly of Florida, and under the direction of the Commissioners,

Schmidt & Hamilton, Managers,—Sylvester & Co. 156, Broadway, New York, Sole Agents. NO COMBINATION NOS. 109,000 Tickets, from No. 1 upwards, in succession.

SPLENDID SCHEME. 1 Prize, THE ARCADE, 286 feet, 5 inches, 4 lines, on Magazine street; 101 feet, 11 inches on Natchez street; 126 feet, 6 inches

Arcade, No. 16, 21 feet 7 inches on Natchez street, rented at \$1200—valued

23 feet front on Natchez street; rented at \$1209--valued at \$20,000 prize, Ditto, adjoining the Areade, No. 20, 23 feet front on Natchez street; rented at 12,00—valued at

prize, Ditto, No. 20, North-East corner of Basin and Custom-house street; 40 feet front on Basin, and 40 feet on Franklin street, by 127 feet deep in Custom house street; rented at \$1500—valued at prize Ditto No. 21 South west corner of ize, Ditto, No. 21, South-west corner of sin and Custom-house street; 32 feet 7

valued at prize Ditto, No 339, 24 feet 8 inches on Royal street, by 129 feet 11 inches deep, rented

1 do. 150 do. Mechanics & Traders do. do. 1 do. 100 do. City Bank, do. do. 1 do. 100 do. do. do. do. do. do. 1 do. 100 do. do. do. do. do. do. 1 do. 50 do. Evchange Bank, do. do. 1 do. 50 do. do do do do. do. 1 do. 50 do. do do do. do. 1 do. 25 do. Gas Light Bank, do. do. 1 do. 25 do. do. do. do. do. do. do. 1 do. 15 do. Mechanics & Traders do. do. do.

20 do. 10 do. Lonisiana State do . do. do. each prize \$1000, 10 do . cach 2 shares of \$100 cach prize \$200,

200 do. cach I share of \$100, New Orleans

00 PRIZES. \$1,500,000 Tickets \$20-No Shares. The whole of the Tickets, with their Numbers, as also those containing the prizes, will be examined and scaled by the Cemmissioners appointed under the Act, previously to their hemg put into the wheels. One wheel will contain the whole of the numbers, the other

and without any deduction.

May 1839-30-1st Dec. FEMALE CORDIAL OF HEALTH.

males are subject, there can he no remedy in the whole Materia Medica, which combines such innocent and cur-



NOTICE.

S. J. SYLVESTER,

bie for payment. June 20, 1839—25-3in [N. O. Bulletin.]

of the good old custom, of warranting that every prize shall be drawn and sold, will, we are sure, give universal

SYLVESTER & CO. 156, Broadway, New-York.

and 3 of \$10,000! Grand Real Estate and Bank Stock Lotlery, of

acting under the same. To be erawn at Jacksonville, Florida, December 1, 1839.

g. The deeds of the property and the stock transfered in truet to the Commissioners appointed by the said set of the Legislature of Florida, for the security of the

Prize Holders.

on Gravier street; rented at about \$37,000 per annum, -valued at prize, CTTY HOTEL, 162 feet on Common \$700,000 street; 146 feet, 6 inches on Camp street; rented at \$25,000—valued at prize, DWELLING HOUSE, adjoining the \$500,000

\$20,000 1 prize, Ditto, adjoining the Arcade, No. 18.

\$20,000 \$20,000

inches on Basin, 32 feet 7 inches on Frank-lin; 127 feet 10½ inches deep in front of Custom-house street; rented at \$1500—

at \$100-valued at \$15,000 prize, 250 shares Canal Bank stock, \$100 cach, 25,000 do. 200 do. Commercial do. \$100 cach, 20,000 10,000 10,000 5,000 5,000 2,500

l do. 15 do. 20,000 of the Gas Light Bank, 00 do. each 1 share of \$100, of the Bank of 2,000

20,000 20,000 150 do. each 1 share of \$100 of the Union Bank of Florida, 15,000

vill contain the 690 prizes, and the first 600 numbers

SYLVESTER & Co. 156, Broadway, New York.

Till subscriber having taken the above establishment is prepared to accommodate a large number of Boarders and Travellers. The rooms are being to a considerable extent refinished, and suveral new ones have been added. Every exertion will be made to render this establishment worthy the attention and patronage of the public. The Stables are of tho best kind, and will receive particular care and attention.

17 The notes of good Banks in the Southern States, will be received at par from persons residing in those States.

B. W. TODD.

B. W. TODD.

B. W. TODD.

B. W. TODD.

B. W. TODD. And for the weaknesses consequent upon the obstruc-tions and irregularities to which unmarried and young fe-

ette, Lexington.